Mr Richard Nurden ASD Metal Services Tunstall Road Biddulph Staffordshire ST8 7AQ



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Application no: SMD/2014/0812

Determined on: 01/04/2015

Town and Country Planning Act 1990 Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) England) Order 2010

FULL PERMISSION FOR DEVELOPMENT

This permission does not carry any approval or consent which may be required under any enactment, bylaw, order or regulation (e.g. in relation to Building Regulations or the Diversion of Footpaths etc) other than Section 57 of the Town and Country Planning Act, 1990.

Location of Development:

ASD METAL SERVICES, TUNSTALL ROAD, BIDDULPH, STAFFORDSHIRE

Description of Development:

Demolition of redundant sub-station, switch rooms, two lean-to's and office, erection of a 4m high acoustic fence, alterations to elevations including overcladding, new internal access roadway and resurfacing works.

In pursuance of their power under the above mentioned Act, Staffordshire Moorlands District Council Planning Authority, **HEREBY GRANTS PLANNING PERMISSION** for the development described above subject to the following condition(s):

1. The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.

Reason:-

To comply with the provisions of Section 51 of the Town and Country Planning, Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act, 2004.

2. The development hereby approved shall be carried out in complete accordance with the submitted amended plans and specifications as follows:-

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Reason:-

To ensure that the development is carried out in accordance with the approved plans, for clarity and the avoidance of doubt.

3. Before the works hereby approved commence, a sample of the finishing material for the acoustic fence shall be submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority and the agreed materials shall be used in the construction of the fence.

Reason:-

In the interests of the appearance of the area.

4. Prior to commencement of site demolition work a bat activity survey in accordance with the applicable Natural England and Bat Conservation Trust guidelines shall first be undertaken during months between 1st May and 31st August for the substation building proposed to be demolished and the activity survey results recorded shall be submitted to the Local Planning Authority along with details of any further requirements and any actions to be implemented as being necessary in response to the survey results.

Reason:-

To ensure appropriate protection for bats as European Protected Species

5. The development hereby permitted shall not be commenced until full details of soft landscape proposals adjacent to the site frontage have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority and these works shall be carried out as approved. These details shall include:

- Planting plans

- Written specifications (including cultivation and other operations associated with plant and grass establishment)

- Schedules of plants, noting species, planting sizes and proposed numbers/densities where appropriate

- Implementation timetables

Reason:-

To ensure the appropriate landscape design and in the interests of the visual and residential amenities of the area.

6. The implemented planting scheme shall be subsequently properly maintained in accordance with good horticultural practice; any plants which are removed, die, become diseased or otherwise fail to establish within 5 years of planting shall be replaced during the









next available planting season and the replacements themselves shall then be properly maintained.

Reason:-

To ensure the appropriate landscape design and in the interests of the visual and residential amenities of the area.

7. Unless prior permission has been obtained in writing from the Local Planning Authority, all noisy activities shall be restricted to the following times of operations.

-08:00 - 18:00 hours (Monday to Friday); -08:00 - 13:00 hours (Saturday) -No working is permitted on Sundays or Bank Holidays.

In this instance a noisy activity is defined as any activity (for instance, but not restricted to, building construction/demolition operations, refurbishing and landscaping) which generates noise that is audible at the site boundary.

Reason:-

To avoid the risk of disturbance to neighbouring dwellings from noise during unsocial hours..

8. During any demolition and construction activities (including landscaping) the contractor should pay due regard to the Building Research Establishment Guidance Document 'Control of Dust from Construction and Demolition Activities' (BR456), and take all reasonable steps to prevent dust formation and prevent any dust formed from leaving the site boundary.

Reason:-

To ensure that the reasonable residential amenities of adjoining properties are adequately protected from dust pollution.

9. Any waste material associated with the demolition or construction shall not be burnt on site but shall be kept securely for removal to prevent escape into the environment.

Reason:-

To protect the amenities of the area.

10. Development shall not commence further until a further intrusive site risk assessment has been undertaken in accordance with a scheme to be agreed with the Local Planning Authority, to assess the nature and extent of any contamination on the site. Once completed, a written report of the findings and recommendations shall be submitted and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. If the intrusive risk assessment indicates that potential risks exist, development shall not commence until a detailed remediation strategy to bring the site to a condition suitable for the intended use has been prepared, and

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is subject to the approval in writing by the Local Planning Authority. Prior to bringing the development into first use, a validation report demonstrating completion of the works set out in the approved remediation strategy a shall be submitted to and approved, in writing, by the local planning authority.

Reason:-

To ensure that risks from land contamination to the future users of the land and neighbouring land are minimised, together with those to controlled waters, property and ecological systems, and to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks to workers, neighbours and other offsite receptors

11. In the event that contamination not previously identified is found at any time when carrying out the approved development, it must be reported in writing immediately to the Local Planning Authority. Development should not commence further until an investigation and risk assessment has been completed in accordance with a scheme to be agreed by the Local Planning Authority to assess the nature and extent of the contamination on the site. If risk assessment indicates that potential risks exist, development shall not commence until a detailed remediation scheme to bring the site to a condition suitable for the intended use by removing unacceptable risks has been prepared, and is subject to the approval in writing of the Local Planning Authority.

Reason:-

To ensure that risks from land contamination to the future users of the land and neighbouring land are minimised, together with those to controlled waters, property and ecological systems, and to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks to workers, neighbours and other offsite receptors

Informatives

1. This is considered to be a sustainable form of development and so complies with the provisions of the NPPF.

2. The applicant is advised that any new or replacement signs are likely to require the submission of a separate Advertisement Consent planning application. You can find forms and guidance on the Council's website (Planning applications section).

3. In the event that the bat activity surveys required under condition 4 reveal bat activity presence within the building structure it should be expected that a European Protected Species licence to undertake the approved work will first need to be obtained from Natural England as a matter of legal requirement. Failure to carry out these requirements in accordance with the legislation risks offences being committed which could result in legal action including prosecution. Contact: Enquiries Team, Natural England, Block B, Government Buildings, Whittington Road, Worcester, WR5 2LQ [Email: enquiries@naturalengland.org.uk] or Telephone 0300 060 3900.

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4. Please be aware that the responsibility for safe development and secure occupancy of the site rests with the developer:

A Demolition or refurbishment asbestos survey and risk assessment should be carried out prior to the demolition of the existing buildings. The enforcing authority for this type of work is the Health and Safety Executive (HSE) and it is recommended that you contact them directly to discuss their requirements: http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Any approved noise scheme and measurements should pay due regard to British Standard BS8233: Sound insulation and noise reduction for buildings (Code of Practice) and the Building Regulations 2010 Document E or other appropriate guidance.

Advice on controlling flies and light can be found in: Statutory Nuisance from Insects and Artificial Light (defra 2005) available as a free download http://archive.defra.gov.uk/environment/guality/local/legislation/cnea/documents/statnuisance .pdf

During any demolition and construction activities (including landscaping) the contractor should take all reasonable steps to prevent dust formation and prevent any dust formed from leaving the site boundary.

The control of dust and emissions from construction and demolition Best Practice Guidance. produced by the greater London councils http://www.london.gov.uk/sites/default/files/BPGcontrolofdustandemissions.pdf and Building Research Establishment Guidance Document 'Control of Dust from Construction and Demolition Activities' (BR456)

If required, contamination risk assessments shall be carried out in accordance with UK policy and with the procedural guidance relating to the contaminated land regime, and should be in accordance with Planning Policy Statement 23 and the CLR Report Series 1-12. -Submission of reports should also be made to the Environment Agency for comment with regard to their remit to protect ground and surface waters from pollution and their obligations relating to contaminated land.

-The Local Planning Authority will determine the acceptability of reports on the basis of the information made available to it. Please be aware that should a risk of harm from contamination remain post development, where the applicant had prior knowledge of the contamination, the applicant is likely to be liable under Part II (a) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 and as such become and "appropriate person". In this event the applicant will be lawfully responsible to remove the risk posed by the contamination. -Equally if during any site works a pathway for any contaminant on site is created and humans, waters, property or ecological systems are exposed to this, the applicant or those acting on behalf of the applicant will be liable under part II (a) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 if the risks are not adequately addressed during the site redevelopment.

-During investigation and remediation works the applicant and those acting on behalf of the applicant must ensure that site workers, public property and the environment are protected against noise, dust, odour and fumes

-The applicant is advised that should there be a requirement as part of the Remediation

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Strategy to treat, reuse or remove contaminated material on the site, the Environment Agency must be consulted, as these activities may need to be licensed or permitted. Contaminated materials identified for removal off site must be disposed of in an appropriately licensed landfill site.

-Staffordshire Moorlands District Council is keen to liaise with all stakeholders involved in this application. As such, we recommend that a proposed scope of works is forwarded to the Environmental Protection Department and agreed in principle prior to site investigation works being undertaken. The Environmental Protection Department is also prepared to review draft copies of reports prior to final submission to the Planning Department in order to ensure that works undertaken are sufficient to discharge the contaminated land conditions.

Signed on behalf of Staffordshire Moorlands District Council

NOTES

- 1. Approval under the Building Regulations may also be required. Advice in this respect can be obtained by contacting the Councils Building Control Section.
- 2. Where a vehicle is often driven across a grass verge or kerbed footway to and from premises adjoining a highway, the occupier of the premises may, be required to pay the cost of construction of a crossing, and/or may be required to comply with conditions, imposed by the Authority. You should contact the Highway Authority at Staffordshire County Council.
- 3. This consent is granted subject to conditions and it is the owner(s) and the person(s) responsible for the implementation of the development who will be fully responsible for their compliance throughout the development and beyond. <u>A fee is payable to us for the discharge of condition. Please refer to our web site : www.staffsmoorlands.gov.uk for details.</u> If there is a condition that requires work to be carried out or details to be approved prior to the commencement of the development this is called a "condition precedent". The following should be noted with regards to conditions precedent:
 - (a) If a condition precedent is not complied with, the whole of the development will be unauthorised and you may be liable to enforcement action.
 - (b) Where a condition precedent is breached and the development is unauthorised, the only way to rectify the development is the submission of a new application.
- 4. Other conditions on this permission must also be complied with. Failure to comply with any condition may render the owner(s) and the person(s) responsible for the implementation of the development liable to enforcement action.



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Simon W. Baker B.Ed MBA MIMSPA Chief Executive

- 5. The permission is granted in strict accordance with the approved plans. It should be noted however that:
 - (a) Any variation from the approved plans following commencement of the development irrespective of the degree of variation will constitute unauthorised development and may be liable to enforcement action.
 - (b) Variation to the approved plans will require the submission of a new planning application.
- 6. If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
- 7. If the decision to refuse planning permission is for a householder application, and you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice. All other types of development have a 6 month deadline for submission of appeals. Appeals must be made using a form which you can get from the Planning Inspectorate at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN or online at www.planningportal.gov.uk/pcs. The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but he will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to him that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order. In practice, the Secretary of State does not refuse to consider appeals solely because the local planning authority based their decision on a direction given by him.
- 8. If either the local planning authority or the Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted. In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council (District Council, London Borough Council or Common Council of the City of London) in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

