STAFFORDSHIRE moorlands DISTRICT COUNCIL
ACHIEVING · EXCELLENCE

Mrs Teresa Critchlow
Sammons Architectural Limited
10, Cawdry Buildings Fountain Street
Leek
ST13 6JP

Mr Sneyd
C/o agent

Application no: SMD/2023/0472

Determined on: 12th February 2025

Town and Country Planning Act 1990
Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as Amended)

FULL PERMISSION FOR DEVELOPMENT

This permission does not carry any approval or consent which may be required under any enactment, bylaw, order or regulation (e.g. in relation to Building Regulations or the Diversion of Footpaths etc) other than Section 57 of the Town and Country Planning Act, 1990.

Location of Development:
Ford House Market Street Leek Staffordshire ST13 6JA

Description of Development:
Change of use of offices into a single dwelling and associated operational development

In pursuance of their power under the above mentioned Act, Staffordshire Moorlands District Council Planning Authority, **HEREBY GRANTS PLANNING PERMISSION** for the development described above subject to the following condition(s):

1. The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.

Reason: To comply with the provisions of Section 51 of the Town and Country Planning, Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act, 2004.

2. Unless explicitly required by condition within this consent, the development hereby permitted shall be carried out in complete accordance with the proposals as detailed on drawings:

- 2023-2791-01 Existing Site Plan received by Local Authority 20th September 2023;
- 2023-2791-02B EXISTING CONDITIONS - FLOOR PLANS. received by Local

Authority on 12th December 2024
- 2023-2791-03A Existing Elevations received by Local Authority 20th September 2023;
- 2023-2791-04D PLANNING PROPOSAL - SITE PLAN. received by Local Authority on 12th December 2024
- 2023-2791-05E PLANNING PROPOSAL - FLOOR PLANS. received by Local Authority on 12th December 2024
- 2023-2791-06 Location and Block Plan received by Local Authority 20th September 2023;
- 2023-2791-07C Proposed Elevations received by Local Authority on 10th February 2025
- 2023-2791-08A EXISTING CONDITIONS - PHOTOGRAPHIC ARCHIVE KEY. received by Local Authority on 12th December 2024
- 2023-2791-09A PLANNING PROPOSAL - INTERNAL OPENING DETAILS. received by Local Authority on 12th December 2024
- 2023-2791-10A PLANNING PROPOSAL - LINEN STORE WINDOW DETAILS. received by Local Authority on 12th December 2024
- 2023-2791-11 Flat Roof Balustrade Details – received by Local Authority on 10th February 2025
- 2023-2791 PHOTOGRAPHIC ARCHIVE Rev. received by Local Authority on 12th December 2024

Reason: For the avoidance of doubt and to clarify which plans are relevant to the consent.

3. Unless prior permission has been obtained in writing from the Local Planning Authority, all construction activities shall be restricted to the following times of operations.

- 08:00 - 18:00 hours (Monday to Friday);
- 08:00 - 13:00 hours (Saturday)
- No working is permitted on Sundays or Bank Holidays.

Reason: To avoid the risk of disturbance to neighbouring dwellings from noise during unsocial hours.

4.
I. Any waste material associated with the demolition or construction shall not be burnt on site but shall be kept securely for removal to prevent escape into the environment. All waste transfer records shall be retained for inspection by officers of the Local Planning Authority;

II. No activity hereby permitted shall cause dust to be emitted beyond the site boundary so as to adversely adjacent residential properties and/or other sensitive uses and/or the local environment. In the event dust is caused to escape the site boundary the activity shall be stopped until sufficient dust suppression has been undertaken to prevent further escape. There shall always be the appropriate means and sufficient water resources on site for dust

suppression. These shall be made available for inspection when required by officers of the Local Planning Authority

Reason: To protect the amenities of the area during construction

5. Any external artificial lighting installed at this site in connection to this permission shall not increase the pre-existing illuminance or cause glare at the adjoining light sensitive locations when the light (s) is (are) in operation. Details of all external artificial lighting to be installed under this permission shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to installation.

Reason: To protect the local amenities of the local residents by reason of excess of illuminance

6. Development shall not commence until a site specific scheme for protecting the proposed residential units from noise, has been submitted to, and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The submitted scheme shall have due regard for the British Standard BS8233:2014 Guidance on Sound Insulation for Buildings and the ProPG - Planning and Noise: New Residential Development. It shall be designed to achieve noise levels of less than 30dB LAeq in bedrooms (night time), 35dB Laeq in bedrooms (daytime), less than 40 dBLAeq in living areas and 55dB LAeq in outside living areas. A report shall be produced containing all raw data and showing how calculations have been made. A copy of such report shall be submitted to the Local Planning Authority for its approval in writing. The approved scheme shall be installed prior to the first occupation of the development. .

Reason: To protect occupiers from noise and safeguard their residential amenities.

7. The development hereby permitted shall not be brought into use until the parking area has been provided as detailed in submitted Drg. No.2791-04 Rev B and kept as intended for the lifetime of the development.

Reason: To comply with NPPF; to comply with SMDC Core Strategy Policy DC1 and T1; in the interests of highway safety.

8. No ensuite bathroom shall be installed until a route for its sanitary pipework has been assessed by a structural engineer and deemed suitable to maintain the structural integrity of affected floors and ceilings and a report and plan showing the proposed routing submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The works shall take place in accordance with the approved plan.

Reason: in the interests of structural integrity of the building.

9. Details of the new kitchen and new sanitary ware shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority prior to their installation.

Reason: In order to ensure its suitability in a heritage context.

10. In all areas where partitions and walls have been approved to be removed, the ceiling plasterwork shall be made good to match the existing adjacent decorative mouldings prior to the first occupation of the property.

Reason: In order to ensure appropriate decorative order is reinstated as appropriate for the heritage significance of the house interior.

11. Prior to the first use of either of the two approved parking spaces, the retaining wall for the retained section of raised planting bed must be reinstated in its approved new location.

Reason: In order to maintain visual separation between the curtilage of the house and neighbouring land, in the interests of visual amenity

12. All existing parquet and tiled flooring, shall be retained in situ.

Reason: In order to retain these important aspects of the heritage significance of the property.

Informative

• A Demolition or refurbishment asbestos survey and risk assessment should be carried out prior to the demolition of the existing buildings. The enforcing authority for this type of work is the Health and Safety Executive (HSE) and it is recommended that you contact them directly to discuss their requirements: http://www.hse.gov.uk/

• Any approved foul drainage system should meet the British Standard 6297:2007+A1:2008: Code of practice for the design and installation of drainage fields for use in wastewater treatment http://www.bsigroup.com

• Any approved noise scheme and measurements should pay due regard to British Standard BS8233: Sound insulation and noise reduction for buildings (Code of Practice), BS4142:2014 Methods for rating and assessing industrial or commercial sound, ProPG: Planning & Noise Professional Practice Guidance on Planning & Noise New Residential Development and/or the Building Regulations 2010 Document E or other appropriate guidance.

• Advice on controlling flies and light can be found in: Statutory Nuisance from Insects and Artificial Light (defra 2005) available as a free download http://archive.defra.gov.uk/environment/quality/local/legislation/cnea/documents/statnuisance.pdf

• During any demolition and construction activities (including landscaping) the contractor shall take all reasonable steps to prevent dust formation and prevent any dust formed from leaving the site boundary.

• The control of dust and emissions from construction and demolition Best Practice Guidance, produced by the greater London councils http://www.london.gov.uk/sites/default/files/BPGcontrolofdustandemissions.pdf

• Building Research Establishment Guidance Document 'Control of Dust from Construction and Demolition Activities' (BR456)

• If required, Contamination risk assessments shall be carried out in accordance with UK policy the Land contamination risk management framework (LCRM), published by the Environment Ageny https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/land-contamination-risk-management-lcrm

• Submission of reports should also be made to the Environment Agency for comment with regard to their remit to protect ground and surface waters from pollution and their obligations relating to contaminated land.

• The Local Planning Authority will determine the acceptability of reports on the basis of the information made available to it. Please be aware that should a risk of harm from contamination remain post development, where the applicant had prior knowledge of the contamination, the applicant is likely to be liable under Part II (a) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 and as such become and "appropriate person". In this event the applicant will be lawfully responsible to remove the risk posed by the contamination.

• Equally if during any site works a pathway for any contaminant on site is created and humans, waters, property or ecological systems are exposed to this, the applicant or those acting on behalf of the applicant will be liable under part II (a) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 if the risks are not adequately addressed during the site redevelopment.

• During investigation and remediation works the applicant and those acting on behalf of the applicant must ensure that site workers, public property and the environment are protected against noise, dust, odour and fumes

• The applicant is advised that should there be a requirement as part of the Remediation Strategy to treat, reuse or remove contaminated material on the site, the Environment Agency must be consulted, as these activities may need to be licensed or permitted. Contaminated materials identified for removal off site must be disposed of in an appropriately licensed landfill site.

• Staffordshire Moorlands District Council is keen to liaise with all stakeholders involved in this application. As such, we recommend that a proposed scope of works is forwarded to the

Environmental Protection Department and agreed in principle prior to site investigation works being undertaken. The Environmental Protection Department is also prepared to review draft copies of reports prior to final submission to the Planning Department in order to ensure that works undertaken are sufficient to discharge the contaminated land conditions.

X B.J. Haywood

Signed by: Ben Haywood

On behalf of Staffordshire Moorlands District Council

Moorlands House, Stockwell Street, Leek, Staffordshire Moorlands, ST13 6HQ.
www.staffsmoorlands.gov.uk Tel: 0345 605 3010
All correspondence to Staffordshire Moorlands District Council, P O Box 136, Buxton, SK17 1AQ.

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NOTES

1. Approval under the Building Regulations may also be required. Advice in this respect can be obtained by contacting DBCP Limited, Web: dbcp.co.uk; Email: info@dbcp.co.uk ; Tel:0333 880 2000.

1. Where a vehicle is often driven across a grass verge or kerbed footway to and from premises adjoining a highway, the occupier of the premises may, be required to pay the cost of construction of a crossing, and/or may be required to comply with conditions, imposed by the Authority. You should contact the Highway Authority at Staffordshire County Council.

2. This consent is granted subject to conditions and it is the owner(s) and the person(s) responsible for the implementation of the development who will be fully responsible for their compliance throughout the development and beyond. An application will need to be made to discharge conditions and a fee is payable with the application. For more details please refer to our web site: www.staffsmoorlands.gov.uk If there is a condition that requires work to be carried out or details to be approved prior to the commencement of the development this is called a "condition precedent". The following should be noted with regards to conditions precedent:
   (a) If a condition precedent is not complied with, the whole of the development will be unauthorised and you may be liable to enforcement action.
   (b) Where a condition precedent is breached and the development is unauthorised, the only way to rectify the development is the submission of a new application.

3. Other conditions on this permission must also be complied with. Failure to comply with any condition may render the owner(s) and the person(s) responsible for the implementation of the development liable to enforcement action.

4. The permission is granted in strict accordance with the approved plans. It should be noted however that:
   (a) Any variation from the approved plans following commencement of the development irrespective of the degree of variation will constitute unauthorised development and may be liable to enforcement action.
   (b) Variation to the approved plans will require the submission of a new planning application.

5. If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

6. If the decision to refuse planning permission is for a householder application, and you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks

of the date of this notice.

7. If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a minor commercial application, and you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.

8. If this is a decision to refuse express consent for the display of an advertisement, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 8 weeks of the date of receipt of this notice.

9. If you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision for any other type of development, including listed building consents then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice Appeals must be made using a form which you can get from the Secretary of State at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN (Tel: 0303 444 5000) or online at https://acp.planninginspectorate.gov.uk

10. The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.

11. If either the local planning authority or the Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted. In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council (District Council, London Borough Council or Common Council of the City of London) in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

12. Domestic sprinklers
    Fire sprinklers operate automatically even if you are not at home releasing water directly over the source of the fire and sounding the alarm, they are unobtrusive and easy to install.
    Sprinklers are NOT expensive; normally costing around 1-2% of the cost of construction of a new building. The use of sprinklers will usually allow design freedoms as well, which can reduce construction costs and improve usability and design freedoms of the building.
    The chance of an accidental discharge is 16,000,000:1
    If you would like further advice please contact Staffordshire Fire and Rescue Service (www.staffordshirefire.gov.uk)

13. Working smoke alarms correctly positioned in your home can save your life.

The Fire Service recommends you have smoke alarms on every floor of your home, including in each bedroom, and make sure you test your smoke alarms at least once a month. Although the application of approved guidance and enforcement of regulations will give buildings the legally required baseline of fire protection, the Fire Service's viewpoint is many of these fall short of what we would consider adequate. This is why we campaign for the inclusion of sprinklers.