STAFFORDSHIRE moorlands DISTRICT COUNCIL

ACHIEVING • EXCELLENCE

Mathew Eaton
ME Design Solutions
27 Braithwell Dirve
Milton
ST2 7NT

Mrs Tranter
21 Wedgwood Road
Cheadle
Staffordshire
ST10 1LD

Application no: SMD/2023/0467

Determined on: 12/04/2024

Town and Country Planning Act 1990 Section 192
(As amended by Section 10 of Planning and Compensation Act 1991)
Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015

APPROVAL TO ISSUE CERTIFICATE OF LAWFULNESS OF PROPOSED USE OR DEVELOPMENT

Staffordshire Moorlands District Council hereby approves to certify that on 18/09/2023; the matter specified in the First Schedule taking place on the land specified in the Second Schedule and edged red on the plan attached to this certificate, was lawful within the meaning of Section 191 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended), for the following reason(s):

The rear extension, garage conversion and relocation of the front door, (in accordance with details shown on submitted drawings references 100-01 and 100-02; is Permitted Development by virtue of compliance with Schedule 2, Part 1, Class A of The Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 subject to the condition that the materials used in any exterior work must be of a similar appearance to those used in the construction of the exterior of the existing dwelling house.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Certificate of Lawfulness for a proposed Single storey rear extension & garage conversion.

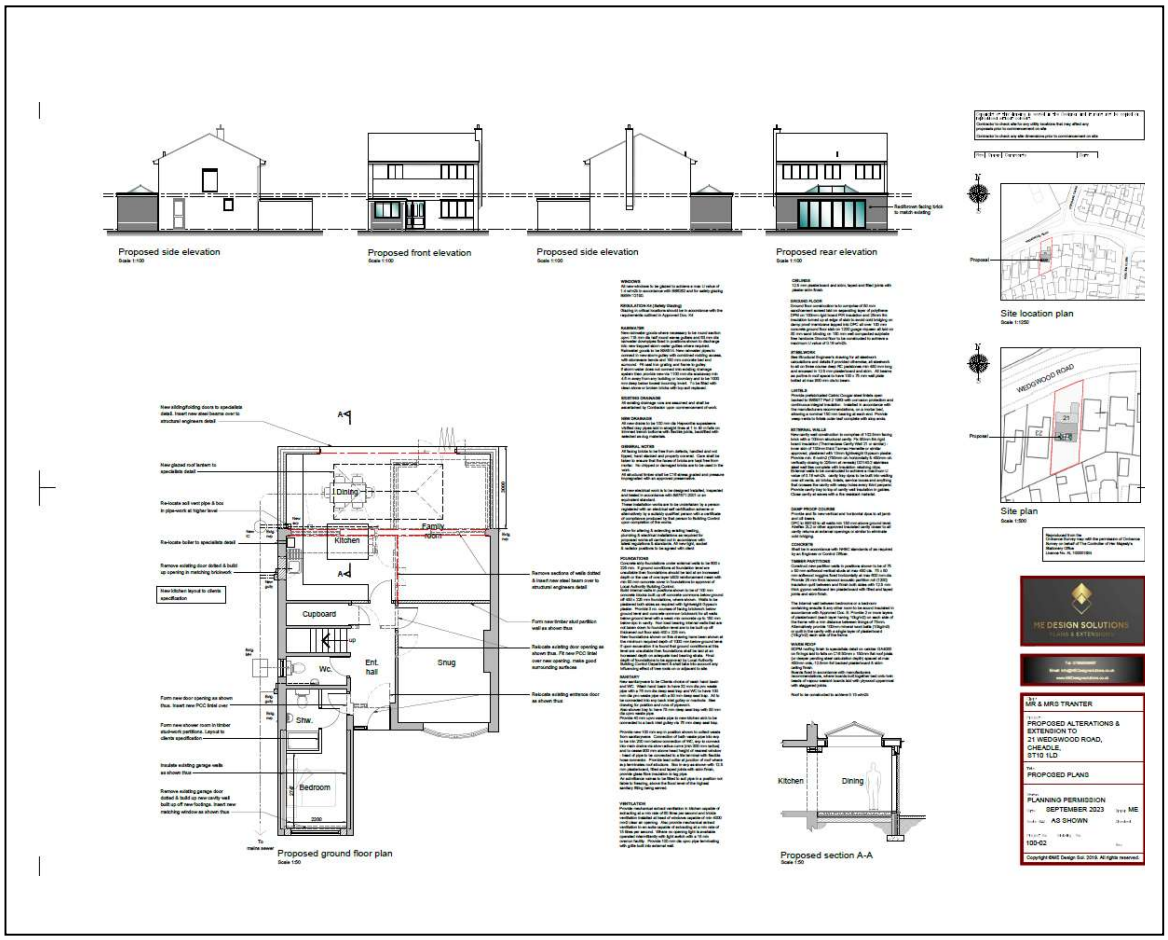
SECOND SCHEDULE

21 Wedgwood Road Cheadle Staffordshire ST10 1LD

X 

Signed by: Jane Colley Signature

On behalf of Staffordshire Moorlands District Council



Informative

Your attention is drawn to the Coal Authority Policy in relation to new development and mine entries available at:
www.gov.uk/government/publications/buildingonorwithintheinfluencingdistanceofmineentries
Any intrusive activities which disturb or enter any coal seams, coal mine workings or coal mine entries (shafts and adits) requires a Coal Authority Permit. Such activities could include site investigation boreholes, digging of foundations, piling activities, other ground works and any subsequent treatment of coal mine workings and coal mine entries for ground stability purposes. Failure to obtain a Coal Authority Permit for such activities is trespass, with the potential for court action. Property specific summary information on past, current and future

coal mining activity can be obtained from: www.groundstability.com or a similar service provider. If any of the coal mining features are unexpectedly encountered during development, this should be reported immediately to the Coal Authority on 0345 762 6848. Further information is available on the Coal Authority website at:
www.gov.uk/government/organisations/thecoal-authority

NOTES

1. An applicant may appeal against by giving notice to the Secretary of State:-

   (a) the refusal to issue a certificate under Section 192 of the Act; or

   (b) the failure to give notice of the Council's decision within 8 weeks of the registration of the application, or any other period agreed with the Local Planning Authority;

   Appeals must be made using a form which you can get from the Secretary of State at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN (Tel: 0303 444 5000) or online at https://acp.planninginspectorate.gov.uk

1. As part of the appeal process the Applicant must submit to the Planning Inspectorate a copy of the following documents:

   - a copy of your original application
   - a copy of the local planning authority's decision notice - if they didn't make a decision, send a copy of the letter acknowledging your application
   - a map of the site
   - copies of all plans, drawings and documents you sent to the local planning authority
   - copies of any letters or emails from the local planning authority
   - any other documents that directly support your appeal

   If you think your land or building is now lawful because the time limit for enforcement has passed, you also need to submit evidence such as :

   - dated photographs of the site
   - letters from neighbours
   - receipts or invoices for work
   - plans and drawings
   - Domestic sprinklers

2. Fire sprinklers operate automatically even if you are not at home releasing water directly over the source of the fire and sounding the alarm, they are unobtrusive and easy to install. Sprinklers are NOT expensive; normally costing around 1-2% of the cost of construction of a new building. The use of sprinklers will usually allow design freedoms as well, which can reduce construction costs and improve usability and design freedoms of the building.
   The chance of an accidental discharge is 16,000,000:1
   If you would like further advice please contact Staffordshire Fire and Rescue Service (www.staffordshirefire.gov.uk)

3. Working smoke alarms correctly positioned in your home can save your life.
   The Fire Service recommends you have smoke alarms on every floor of your home, including in each bedroom, and make sure you test your smoke alarms at least once a

month.

Although the application of approved guidance and enforcement of regulations will give buildings the legally required baseline of fire protection, the Fire Service's viewpoint is many of these fall short of what we would consider adequate. This is why we campaign for the inclusion of sprinklers.