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Kents Lane
Silverdale, Staffs
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Mr Bloor
Copper Beech Daisy Bank, off Leek
Road
Cheadle
Stoke-on-Trent
ST10 1JE

Application no: SMD/2021/0814

Determined on: 15/03/2023

**Town and Country Planning Act 1990
Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015
(as Amended)**

FULL PERMISSION FOR DEVELOPMENT

This permission does not carry any approval or consent which may be required under any enactment, bylaw, order or regulation (e.g. in relation to Building Regulations or the Diversion of Footpaths etc) other than Section 57 of the Town and Country Planning Act, 1990.

Location of Development:

9 Land adjacent Blythe Road Forsbrook Staffordshire ST11 9BU

Description of Development:

Proposed New Detached house with attached garage.

In pursuance of their power under the above mentioned Act, Staffordshire Moorlands District Council Planning Authority, **HEREBY GRANTS PLANNING PERMISSION** for the development described above subject to the following condition(s):

1. The development hereby permitted shall be commenced before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.

Reason: Required to be imposed pursuant to Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

2. Unless explicitly required by condition within this consent, the development hereby permitted shall be carried out in complete accordance with the proposals as detailed on drawings:

Location Plan: Dwg no 1659/009
Proposed Site Plan: 1659/003 Rev A
Proposed Ground Floor Plan: 1659/004 Rev A
Proposed First Floor Plan: Dwg no 1659/ 005 Rev A
Proposed Elevations: Dwg no 1659/006 Rev A

Reason: For the avoidance of doubt and to clarify which plans are relevant to the consent.

3. Prior to any works above slab level details of all external materials, including facing bricks and roof tile shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved materials.

Reason: In order that the Local Planning Authority may ensure that the materials to be used are appropriate to the locality.

4. The first floor window in the first floor of the (north) side elevation of the dwelling hereby permitted shall at all times be high level opening only and fitted with obscure glass and shall be retained at all times thereafter. The obscure glazing shall be to at least Level 3 on the Pilkington Levels of Privacy, or such equivalent as may be agreed in writing by the local planning authority.

Reason: In the interests of the privacy of occupiers of neighbouring property.

5. Prior to the first occupation or use of the development hereby approved:

A scheme for the hard and soft landscaping of the site, including boundary treatment, shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority and shall indicate, as appropriate, the types and numbers of trees and shrubs, their distribution on site, those areas to be seeded, turfed, paved or hard landscaped, including details of any changes of level or landform and the types and specifications of all fencing/boundary materials.

The approved soft landscaping scheme shall be implemented in the first planting season following occupation or use of the development unless otherwise required by the reports above, whether in whole or part and shall be maintained thereafter for a period of not less than 10 years to the satisfaction of the Local Planning Authority. This maintenance shall include the replacement of any tree or shrub which is removed, or dies, or is seriously damaged, or becomes seriously diseased, by a species of similar size to those originally planted.

The hard landscaping and boundary treatment shall be implemented in accordance with the approved details prior to the first occupation of the development and retained thereafter at all times.

Reason: To ensure that the site is satisfactorily landscaped in the interests of visual amenity.

6. The development hereby permitted shall not be brought into use until the access to the site within the limits of the public highway has been completed.

Reason: To comply with NPPF; to comply with SMDC Local Plan Policy DC1; in the interests of highway safety

7. The development hereby permitted shall not be brought into use until the parking area has been provided in accordance with the approved plans. The parking area shall thereafter be retained unobstructed as parking area for the life of the development.

Reason: To comply with NPPF; to comply with SMDC Local Plan Policy DC1; in the interests of highway safety

8. The garage indicated on the approved plan shall be retained for the parking of motor vehicles and cycles. It shall at no time be converted to living accommodation without the prior express permission of the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: To comply with NPPF; to comply with SMDC Local Plan Policy DC1; in the interests of highway safety

9. All construction works and deliveries to the site shall take place between the following hours:

- 08:00 - 18:00 hours (Monday to Friday);
- 08:00 - 13:00 hours (Saturday)
- No working is permitted on Sundays or Bank Holidays.

Reason: To avoid the risk of disturbance to neighbouring dwellings from noise during unsocial hours.

10. The development hereby permitted shall not take place until a Construction and Environmental Method Statement has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The Construction Method statement should include the following details:-

I. A scheme to minimise dust emissions arising from demolition/construction activities on the site. The scheme shall include details of all dust suppression measures and the methods to monitor emissions of dust arising from the development.

II. A scheme for recycling/disposal of waste resulting from the demolition/construction works;

III. The responsible person (e.g. site manager / office) who could be contacted in the event of complaint;

IV. Any waste material associated with the construction shall not be burnt on site but shall be kept securely for removal to prevent escape into the environment.

Once approved, all relevant activities on the site should be carried out in accordance with Construction and Environmental Method Statement throughout the course of the development. Any alteration to this Plan shall be approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to commencement of the alteration.

Reason: To protect the amenities of the area during construction

11. Development should not commence until details of a gas protection scheme has been submitted and agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority. The ground gas protection scheme should be sufficient to address a Characteristic 2 situation as defined in: CIRIA C665 (2007) "Assessing Risks Posed by Hazardous Ground Gases to Buildings"

Prior to the development being first brought into use, a validation report demonstrating completion of the works set out in the approved gas protection scheme shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority.

Reason: To ensure that risks from land contamination to the future users of the land and neighbouring land are minimised, to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks to workers, neighbours and other offsite receptors

12. In the event that contamination is found at any time when carrying out the approved development it must be reported in writing immediately to the Local Planning Authority. Development should not commence further until an initial investigation and risk assessment has been completed in accordance with a scheme to be agreed by the Local Planning Authority to assess the nature and extent of any contamination on the site. If the initial site risk assessment indicates that potential risks exist to any identified receptors, development shall not commence until a detailed remediation scheme to bring the site to a condition suitable for the intended use by removing unacceptable risks to human health, buildings and other property and the natural and historical environment has been prepared, and is subject to the approval in writing of the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: To ensure that risks from land contamination to the future users of the land and neighbouring land are minimised, and to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks to workers, neighbours and other offsite receptors

13. No top soil is to be imported to the site until it has been tested for contamination and assessed for its suitability for the proposed development, a suitable methodology for testing this material should be submitted to and agreed by the Local Planning Authority prior to the soils being imported onto site. The methodology should include the sampling frequency, testing schedules, criteria against which the analytical results will be assessed (as determined by the risk assessment) and source material information. The analysis shall then be carried out and validatory evidence submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: To ensure that risks from land contamination to the future users of the land and neighbouring land are minimised, and to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks to workers, neighbours and other offsite receptors

14. No artificial lighting shall be installed on the development hereby approved until details of location, number and luminance levels are submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. Thereafter the development shall proceed in accordance with the approved details.

Reason: To protect the local amenities of the local residents by reason of excess of luminance

15. The site shall be drained via separate systems for the disposal of foul and surface water

Reason: To secure a satisfactory system of drainage and to prevent pollution of the water environment.

16. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order, 2015 (or any Order revoking and re-enacting this Order with or without modification), no development other than that expressly authorised by this permission shall take place which would otherwise be permitted under Schedule 2 Part 1 Classes A, B, C, D and E of the Order.

Reason: To enable the Local Planning Authority to exercise control over development which could materially harm the character and visual amenities of the immediate area and in the interests of the amenities of existing and future occupants.

Informative

The Local Planning Authority has acted positively and proactively in determining this application, in accordance with paragraph 38 of the National Planning Policy Framework, by assessing the proposal against relevant planning policies and all material considerations, identifying matters of concern within the application as originally submitted and negotiating acceptable amendments to the proposal with the applicant in order to address those concerns. As a result, the Local Planning Authority has been able to grant planning permission for an acceptable proposal, in accordance with the presumption in favour of sustainable development.

X *J Colley*

Signed by: Jane Colley Signature

On behalf of Staffordshire Moorlands District Council

NOTES

1. Approval under the Building Regulations may also be required. Advice in this respect can be obtained by contacting the Councils Building Control Section at BControl@staffsmoorlands.gov.uk
1. Where a vehicle is often driven across a grass verge or kerbed footway to and from premises adjoining a highway, the occupier of the premises may, be required to pay the cost of construction of a crossing, and/or may be required to comply with conditions, imposed by the Authority. You should contact the Highway Authority at Staffordshire County Council.
2. This consent is granted subject to conditions and it is the owner(s) and the person(s) responsible for the implementation of the development who will be fully responsible for their compliance throughout the development and beyond. An application will need to be made to discharge conditions and a fee is payable with the application. For more details please refer to our web site: www.staffsmoorlands.gov.uk If there is a condition that requires work to be carried out or details to be approved prior to the commencement of the development this is called a "condition precedent". The following should be noted with regards to conditions precedent:
 - (a) If a condition precedent is not complied with, the whole of the development will be unauthorised and you may be liable to enforcement action.
 - (b) Where a condition precedent is breached and the development is unauthorised, the only way to rectify the development is the submission of a new application.
3. Other conditions on this permission must also be complied with. Failure to comply with any condition may render the owner(s) and the person(s) responsible for the implementation of the development liable to enforcement action.
4. The permission is granted in strict accordance with the approved plans. It should be noted however that:
 - (a) Any variation from the approved plans following commencement of the development irrespective of the degree of variation will constitute unauthorised development and may be liable to enforcement action.
 - (b) Variation to the approved plans will require the submission of a new planning application.
5. If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
6. If the decision to refuse planning permission is for a householder application, and you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.

7. If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a minor commercial application, and you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.
8. If this is a decision to refuse express consent for the display of an advertisement, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 8 weeks of the date of receipt of this notice.
9. If you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision for any other type of development, including listed building consents then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice Appeals must be made using a form which you can get from the Secretary of State at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN (Tel: 0303 444 5000) or online at <https://acp.planninginspectorate.gov.uk>
10. The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.
11. If either the local planning authority or the Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted. In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council (District Council, London Borough Council or Common Council of the City of London) in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
12. Domestic sprinklers
Fire sprinklers operate automatically even if you are not at home releasing water directly over the source of the fire and sounding the alarm, they are unobtrusive and easy to install. Sprinklers are NOT expensive; normally costing around 1-2% of the cost of construction of a new building. The use of sprinklers will usually allow design freedoms as well, which can reduce construction costs and improve usability and design freedoms of the building. The chance of an accidental discharge is 16,000,000:1
If you would like further advice please contact Staffordshire Fire and Rescue Service (www.staffordshirefire.gov.uk)
13. Working smoke alarms correctly positioned in your home can save your life.
The Fire Service recommends you have smoke alarms on every floor of your home, including

in each bedroom, and make sure you test your smoke alarms at least once a month. Although the application of approved guidance and enforcement of regulations will give buildings the legally required baseline of fire protection, the Fire Service's viewpoint is many of these fall short of what we would consider adequate. This is why we campaign for the inclusion of sprinklers.