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Mr Wibberley
Sexton Farm
Dog Lane
Ipstones
ST10 2LR

Application no: SMD/2022/0369

Determined on: 9TH November 2022

**Town and Country Planning Act 1990
Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015
(as Amended)**

FULL PERMISSION FOR DEVELOPMENT

This permission does not carry any approval or consent which may be required under any enactment, bylaw, order or regulation (e.g. in relation to Building Regulations or the Diversion of Footpaths etc) other than Section 57 of the Town and Country Planning Act, 1990.

Location of Development:

Sexton Farm, Dog Lane, Ipstones Edge, Ipstones, Staffordshire ST10 2LR

Description of Development:

Conversion and use of adjoining shippon as a residential annex (including works and alterations necessary to carry out the conversion)

In pursuance of their power under the above mentioned Act, Staffordshire Moorlands District Council Planning Authority, **HEREBY GRANTS PLANNING PERMISSION** for the development described above subject to the following condition(s):

1. The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.

Reason:- To comply with Section 91(1) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (As Amended)

2. The development hereby permitted and described above shall only be carried out in accordance with the following approved plans referenced and numbered 'SITE AND LOCATION PLAN' numbered 01145 PL(0)04 and 'PROPOSED SCHEME' 01145 PL(0)04, that were submitted with the application.

Reason:- For the avoidance of doubt and in the interests of proper planning, in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework.

3. No works shall be commenced until detailed drawings, drawn to at least 1:20 scale, of each new window and door to be installed; and details of a bat roosting opportunity to be provided under the ridge tiles on the northern part of the building, have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. Details shall include or show: the recess depth of frame within the aperture; material, colour, moulded timber sections; the finish; opening mechanism; glazing bar subdivision; and cills and lintels. The windows and doors and bat roosting opportunity shall only be installed in accordance with those approved drawings and details and shall thereafter be retained and maintained without variation.

Reason:- To ensure that the works harmonise with the existing building.

4. Before the development is brought into use the bat roosting opportunity referred to at condition 3 above shall have been provided in accordance with those details that shall have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

Reason:- To secure a biodiversity net gain.

5. The residential annex hereby permitted and described above shall only be occupied and used by a member of the household or family that occupy the existing dwelling at Sexton Farm; or, a guest of that household or family, during a temporary period where the occupant has their main residence elsewhere. The dwellinghouse described above shall not be used or occupied by persons who do not have that specified connection to the existing dwellinghouse, or in any other way that is outside of those restrictions, and it shall not be let, sold or otherwise separately disposed of as a dwelling independent of the existing dwelling at Sexton Farm.

Reason:- It has not been demonstrated that the annex is able to provide an acceptable standard of living condition for persons that do not have a pre-existing connection or association with the occupation and use of other adjacent land and buildings, or that it occupies an appropriate location for a dwelling given its rural location where the provision of housing is not normally allowed.

6. The rainwater goods to be used in the development hereby permitted shall be cast metal and finished in black and the rooflights shall be conservation rooflights fitted as flush as possible with the roof covering.

Reason: To protect the character and appearance of the listed building

7. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015 (or as may subsequently be amended or re-enacted) no extensions, alterations or buildings within the site curtilage normally permitted by Classes A to E of Part 1 Schedule 2 to that Order shall be carried out and no gates, walls, fences or other means of enclosure normally permitted by Class A of Part 2 Schedule 2 to that Order shall be erected unless a further planning permission has first been granted on application to the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: To protect the character and appearance of the listed building and its setting

8. The facing material and roof tiles of the development hereby permitted shall match as closely as possible in colour and texture those used on the existing building.

Reason: To protect the character and appearance of the listed building and its setting

Informative

The proposed development is judged to be of suitable design and meets the tests of sustainability in planning. There are not judged to be any adverse implications for neighbours or wider public amenity and street scene. As the application was considered acceptable there was no need for any negotiation or amendment as would otherwise be advocated within the National Planning Policy Framework paragraph 38.

X *B.J. Haywood*

Signed by: Ben Haywood

On behalf of Staffordshire Moorlands District Council

NOTES

1. Approval under the Building Regulations may also be required. Advice in this respect can be obtained by contacting the Councils Building Control Section at BControl@staffsmoorlands.gov.uk
1. Where a vehicle is often driven across a grass verge or kerbed footway to and from premises adjoining a highway, the occupier of the premises may, be required to pay the cost of construction of a crossing, and/or may be required to comply with conditions, imposed by the Authority. You should contact the Highway Authority at Staffordshire County Council.
2. This consent is granted subject to conditions and it is the owner(s) and the person(s) responsible for the implementation of the development who will be fully responsible for their compliance throughout the development and beyond. An application will need to be made to discharge conditions and a fee is payable with the application. For more details please refer to our web site: www.staffsmoorlands.gov.uk If there is a condition that requires work to be carried out or details to be approved prior to the commencement of the development this is called a “condition precedent”. The following should be noted with regards to conditions precedent:
 - (a) If a condition precedent is not complied with, the whole of the development will be unauthorised and you may be liable to enforcement action.
 - (b) Where a condition precedent is breached and the development is unauthorised, the only way to rectify the development is the submission of a new application.
3. Other conditions on this permission must also be complied with. Failure to comply with any condition may render the owner(s) and the person(s) responsible for the implementation of the development liable to enforcement action.
4. The permission is granted in strict accordance with the approved plans. It should be noted however that:
 - (a) Any variation from the approved plans following commencement of the development irrespective of the degree of variation will constitute unauthorised development and may be liable to enforcement action.
 - (b) Variation to the approved plans will require the submission of a new planning application.
5. If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
6. If the decision to refuse planning permission is for a householder application, and you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.
7. If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a minor commercial application, and you

want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.

8. If this is a decision to refuse express consent for the display of an advertisement, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 8 weeks of the date of receipt of this notice.
9. If you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision for any other type of development, including listed building consents then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice. Appeals must be made using a form which you can get from the Secretary of State at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN (Tel: 0303 444 5000) or online at <https://acp.planninginspectorate.gov.uk>
10. The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.
11. If either the local planning authority or the Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted. In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council (District Council, London Borough Council or Common Council of the City of London) in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
12. Domestic sprinklers
Fire sprinklers operate automatically even if you are not at home releasing water directly over the source of the fire and sounding the alarm, they are unobtrusive and easy to install. Sprinklers are NOT expensive; normally costing around 1-2% of the cost of construction of a new building. The use of sprinklers will usually allow design freedoms as well, which can reduce construction costs and improve usability and design freedoms of the building. The chance of an accidental discharge is 16,000,000:1
If you would like further advice please contact Staffordshire Fire and Rescue Service (www.staffordshirefire.gov.uk)
13. Working smoke alarms correctly positioned in your home can save your life.
The Fire Service recommends you have smoke alarms on every floor of your home, including in each bedroom, and make sure you test your smoke alarms at least once a month. Although the application of approved guidance and enforcement of regulations will give buildings the legally required baseline of fire protection, the Fire Service's viewpoint is many of these fall short of what we would consider adequate. This is why we campaign for the inclusion of sprinklers.