STAFFORDSHIRE moorlands DISTRICT COUNCIL
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M J Sales
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ST10 1AF

Mr. & Mrs Leavy
Cash Heath Farm
Forsbrook
ST11 9DE

Application no: SMD/2021/0555

Determined on: 5/11/2021

Town and Country Planning Act 1990
Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as Amended)

FULL PERMISSION FOR DEVELOPMENT

This permission does not carry any approval or consent which may be required under any enactment, bylaw, order or regulation (e.g. in relation to Building Regulations or the Diversion of Footpaths etc) other than Section 57 of the Town and Country Planning Act, 1990.

Location of Development:
Cash Heath Farm Barn Cash Heath Forsbrook Staffordshire

Description of Development:
Proposed conversion of redundant barns into 2no residential units

In pursuance of their power under the above mentioned Act, Staffordshire Moorlands District Council Planning Authority, **HEREBY GRANTS PLANNING PERMISSION** for the development described above subject to the following condition(s):

1. The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.
Reason:-
To comply with the provisions of Section 51 of the Town and Country Planning, Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act, 2004.

2. The development hereby permitted, including surfacing materials specified, shall be provided in exact accordance with the following amended approved plans:

Amended Site Plan: 2000 09 10 Revision B dated 22.10.21
2000 09 03 Revision A
2009 09 12 – Amended Plan received 2.11.21

Reason:-

For the avoidance of doubt and in the interests of proper planning, in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework.

3. Before the development is first brought into use, the buildings marked Unit C in the amended site plan 09 10 Rev B shall be demolished in their entirety and the demolition materials shall be removed from the land edged red and blue and the horse manege to the north of Unit C within the blue line including surface materials and perimeter fencing shall also be removed and the area occupied by the demolished buildings and manege shall be grassed over and restored to part of a field.
Reason:-
In the interests of the rural character and appearance of the area.

4. Any new external bricks and roof tiles used in the development shall match those of the Unit A and Unit B buildings in terms of type, colour and texture.
Reason:-
In the interests of the rural character and appearance of the area.

5. Before the commencement of works, a Bat Method Statement detailing mitigation as set out in the Cotswold Wildlife Surveys Bat Survey Report shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority and the development shall be undertaken in exact accordance with the approved Bat Method Statement.
Reason:-
In the interests of the ecological value of the site.

6. Before the development is first brought into use, a Bat Loft shall be created within one of the buildings to be converted in exact accordance with details to be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
Reason:-
In the interests of the ecological value of the site.

7. Before the development is first brought into use, a minimum of two bat boxes and bat-friendly planting within a soft landscaping scheme shall be provided in exact accordance with details to be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
Reason:-
In the interests of the ecological value of the site.

8. Before any external lighting is added to the application site, details of the lighting shall be provided in exact accordance with details to be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
Reason:-
In the interests of the ecological value of the site.

9. Before the development is first brought into use, swallow nesting features shall be provided in exact accordance with details to be submitted to and approved in writing by the

Local Planning Authority.
Reason:-
In the interests of the ecological value of the site.

10. There shall be no removal of trees, shrubs etc shall take place between 1st March and 31st August in any year, a detailed survey shall be carried out to check for nesting birds and the results submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. Where nests are found in any building, hedgerow, tree or scrub to be removed (or converted or demolished in the case of buildings), a 4m exclusion zone shall be left around the nest until breeding is complete. Completion of nesting shall be confirmed by a suitably qualified person and a further report submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority before any further works within the exclusion zone take place.

Reason:-
In the interests of the ecological value of the site.

11. Before the commencement of works, a Great Crested Newt Method Statement shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority and the development shall be undertaken in exact accordance with the approved Great Crested Newt Method Statement.
Reason:-
In the interests of the ecological value of the site.

12. Before the development is first brought into use, a sustainable drainage system in line with SuDS principles shall be provided in accordance with a Drainage Scheme to be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
Reason:-
In the interests of the ecological value of the site.

13. The development hereby permitted shall not be brought into use until a landscaping scheme is implemented in exact accordance with details of both hard and soft landscape proposals submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The details shall include:
- Means of enclosure
- Hard surfacing materials

Soft landscape details shall include:
- Planting plans
- Written specifications (including cultivation and other operations associated with plant and grass establishment)
- Schedules of plants, noting species, planting sizes and proposed numbers/densities where appropriate
- Implementation timetables

Reason:-
To ensure appropriate landscape design in the interests of the rural visual amenities of the

area.

14. The implemented planting scheme shall be subsequently properly maintained in accordance with good horticultural practice; any plants which are removed, die, become diseased or otherwise fail to establish within 5 years of planting shall be replaced during the next available planting season and the replacements themselves shall then be properly maintained.
Reason:-
To ensure the appropriate landscape design and in the interests of the visual amenities of the area.

15. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015 (or any order revoking and re-enacting that Order with or without modification) no additional windows or any other openings shall be installed in any part of the development without express planning permission first being obtained from the Local Planning Authority.
Reason:-
To protect the amenity and living conditions of adjacent residential property from overlooking or perceived overlooking and the visual amenities in the area.

16. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015 (or any order revoking and re-enacting that order with or without modification), no development as specified in Part 1 Class(es) AA, A to H or Part 2 Class(es) A to C or Part 20 shall be undertaken without express planning permission first being obtained from the Local Planning Authority.
Reason:-
To enable the Local Planning Authority to control the development and so safeguard the character and visual amenities of the area and to protect the residential amenities of neighbouring residents.

17. Unless prior permission has been obtained in writing from the Local Planning Authority, all noisy activities shall be restricted to the following times of operations.

"" 08:00 - 18:00 hours (Monday to Friday);
"" 08:00 - 13:00 hours (Saturday)
"" No working is permitted on Sundays or Bank Holidays.

In this instance a noisy activity is defined as any activity (for instance, but not restricted to, building construction/demolition operations, refurbishing and landscaping) which generates noise that is audible at the site boundary.
Reason: -
To avoid the risk of disturbance to neighbouring dwellings from noise during unsocial hours.

18. No development, including demolition hereby permitted shall take place until a

Construction and Environmental Method Statement has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The Construction Method statement shall include the following details:-

- A scheme to minimise dust emissions arising from demolition/construction activities on the site. The scheme shall include details of all dust suppression measures and the methods to monitor emissions of dust arising from the development.
- Details of wheel washing facilities. All demolition/construction vehicles shall have their wheels cleaned before leaving the site;
- a scheme for recycling/disposal of waste resulting from the demolition/construction works;
- Any waste material associated with the demolition or construction shall not be burnt on site but shall be kept securely for removal to prevent escape into the environment
- the responsible person (e.g. site manager / office) who could be contacted in the event of complaint;

Once approved, development shall be carried out in accordance with Construction and Environmental Method Statement.
Reason:-
To protect the amenities of the area from dust

19. In the event that contamination is found at any time when carrying out the approved development it must be reported in writing immediately to the Local Planning Authority. Development shall not continue further until an initial investigation and risk assessment has been completed in accordance with a scheme to be agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority to assess the nature and extent of any contamination on the site. If the initial site risk assessment indicates that potential risks exists to any identified receptors, development shall not recommence until a detailed remediation scheme to bring the site to a condition suitable for the intended use by removing unacceptable risks to human health, buildings and other property, and the natural and historical environment has been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. Following completion of measures identified in the approved remediation scheme and prior to bringing the development into first use, a verification report that demonstrates the effectiveness of the remediation carried out must be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority.
Reason :-
To ensure that the proposed development meets the requirements of the National Planning Policy Framework in that all potential risks to human health, controlled waters and wider environment are known and where necessary dealt with via remediation and or management of those risks.

20. Prior to bringing the development into first use, all soils that are intended to be used for the proposed garden/ soft landscaping areas shall be tested for contamination and assessed for their suitability for the proposed use. Prior to sampling, a suitable methodology for testing the soil shall be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority and shall include the sampling frequency, testing schedules, and criteria against which the

analytical results will be assessed. The results of the soil tests shall be submitted and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. If soil results indicates that a potential risks exists, development shall not be occupied until a detailed remediation strategy to bring the site to a condition suitable for the intended use has submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority and been fully implemented.
Reason :-
To ensure that the proposed development meets the requirements of the National Planning Policy Framework in that all potential risks to human health, controlled waters and wider environment are known and where necessary dealt with via remediation and or management of those risks.

21. The artificial lighting incorporated into this site in connection to this application shall not increase the pre-existing illuminance at the adjoining light sensitive locations when the light (s) is (are) in operation. Details of all external lighting to be installed at the site shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to installation and shall be installed in exact accordance with the approved details.
Reason:-
To protect the local amenities of the local residents by reason of excess of illuminance

22. The windows and doors to be installed as part of the development hereby permitted shall be fabricated in timber and set behind a 100mm reveal. Rainwater goods shall be cast metal and finished in black.
Reason:
In the interests of visual amenity

Informatives

1. The Council has sought (negotiated) a sustainable form of development which complies with the provisions of paragraphs 186-187 of the NPPF.

2. As per the ecology report, a licence from Natural England will be required to proceed legally with the development

3. The attention of the developer should be drawn to the existence of Public Rights of Way through the property including one along the western bounday along the site access. This planning permission does not give rights to divert, extinguish or obstruct any part of the public paths which must remain unobstructed and accessible throughout the course of construction works and throughout the life of the approved development.

4. Please be aware that the responsibility for safe development and secure occupancy of the site rests with the developer:

"" A Demolition or refurbishment asbestos survey and risk assessment should be carried out prior to the demolition of the existing buildings. The enforcing authority for this

type of work is the Health and Safety Executive (HSE) and it is recommended that you contact them directly to discuss their requirements: http://www.hse.gov.uk/

"" Any approved foul drainage system should meet the British Standard 6297:2007+A1:2008: Code of practice for the design and installation of drainage fields for use in wastewater treatment http://www.bsigroup.com

"" Any approved noise scheme and measurements should pay due regard to British Standard BS8233: Sound insulation and noise reduction for buildings (Code of Practice), BS4142:2014 Methods for rating and assessing industrial or commercial sound and/or the Building Regulations 2010 Document E or other appropriate guidance.

"" Advice on controlling flies and light can be found in: Statutory Nuisance from Insects and Artificial Light (defra 2005) available as a free download http://archive.defra.gov.uk/environment/quality/local/legislation/cnea/documents/statnuisance.pdf

"" During any demolition and construction activities (including landscaping) the contractor shall take all reasonable steps to prevent dust formation and prevent any dust formed from leaving the site boundary.

"" The control of dust and emissions from construction and demolition Best Practice Guidance, produced by the greater London councils http://www.london.gov.uk/sites/default/files/BPGcontrolofdustandemissions.pdf

"" Building Research Establishment Guidance Document 'Control of Dust from Construction and Demolition Activities' (BR456)

"" If required, contamination risk assessments shall be carried out in accordance with UK policy the Land contamination risk management framework (LCRM), published by the Environment Agency https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/land-contamination-risk-management-lcrm

"" Submission of reports should also be made to the Environment Agency for comment with regard to their remit to protect ground and surface waters from pollution and their obligations relating to contaminated land.
"" The Local Planning Authority will determine the acceptability of reports on the basis of the information made available to it. Please be aware that should a risk of harm from contamination remain post development, where the applicant had prior knowledge of the contamination, the applicant is likely to be liable under Part II (a) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 and as such become and ""appropriate person"". In this event the applicant will be lawfully responsible to remove the risk posed by the contamination.

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"" Equally if during any site works a pathway for any contaminant on site is created and humans, waters, property or ecological systems are exposed to this, the applicant or those acting on behalf of the applicant will be liable under part II (a) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 if the risks are not adequately addressed during the site redevelopment.

"" During investigation and remediation works the applicant and those acting on behalf of the applicant must ensure that site workers, public property and the environment are protected against noise, dust, odour and fumes

"" The applicant is advised that should there be a requirement as part of the Remediation Strategy to treat, reuse or remove contaminated material on the site, the Environment Agency must be consulted, as these activities may need to be licensed or permitted. Contaminated materials identified for removal off site must be disposed of in an appropriately licensed landfill site.

"" Staffordshire Moorlands District Council is keen to liaise with all stakeholders involved in this application. As such, we recommend that a proposed scope of works is forwarded to the Environmental Health Department and agreed in principle prior to site investigation works being undertaken. The Environmental Health Department is also prepared to review draft copies of reports prior to final submission to the Planning Department in order to ensure that works undertaken are sufficient to discharge the contaminated land conditions

X B.J. Haywood

Signed by: Ben Haywood

On behalf of Staffordshire Moorlands District Council

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NOTES

1. Approval under the Building Regulations may also be required. Advice in this respect can be obtained by contacting the Councils Building Control Section at BControl@staffsmoorlands.gov.uk

1. Where a vehicle is often driven across a grass verge or kerbed footway to and from premises adjoining a highway, the occupier of the premises may, be required to pay the cost of construction of a crossing, and/or may be required to comply with conditions, imposed by the Authority. You should contact the Highway Authority at Staffordshire County Council.

2. This consent is granted subject to conditions and it is the owner(s) and the person(s) responsible for the implementation of the development who will be fully responsible for their compliance throughout the development and beyond. An application will need to be made to discharge conditions and a fee is payable with the application. For more details please refer to our web site: www.staffsmoorlands.gov.uk If there is a condition that requires work to be carried out or details to be approved prior to the commencement of the development this is called a "condition precedent". The following should be noted with regards to conditions precedent:
   (a) If a condition precedent is not complied with, the whole of the development will be unauthorised and you may be liable to enforcement action.
   (b) Where a condition precedent is breached and the development is unauthorised, the only way to rectify the development is the submission of a new application.

3. Other conditions on this permission must also be complied with. Failure to comply with any condition may render the owner(s) and the person(s) responsible for the implementation of the development liable to enforcement action.

4. The permission is granted in strict accordance with the approved plans. It should be noted however that:
   (a) Any variation from the approved plans following commencement of the development irrespective of the degree of variation will constitute unauthorised development and may be liable to enforcement action.
   (b) Variation to the approved plans will require the submission of a new planning application.

5. If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

6. If the decision to refuse planning permission is for a householder application, and you want to

appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.

7. If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a minor commercial application, and you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.

8. If this is a decision to refuse express consent for the display of an advertisement, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 8 weeks of the date of receipt of this notice.

9. If you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision for any other type of development, including listed building consents then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice Appeals must be made using a form which you can get from the Secretary of State at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN (Tel: 0303 444 5000) or online at https://acp.planninginspectorate.gov.uk

10. The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.

11. If either the local planning authority or the Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted. In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council (District Council, London Borough Council or Common Council of the City of London) in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

1.