

Mr Rory Bradford
Planning & Design Practice LTD
Woburn House Second Floor Suite 3
Derby
DE1 1UL

Mr & Mrs Mellor
Hayes Gate Farm
Star Bank
Oakamoor
Staffordshire
ST10 3BN

Application no: SMD/2021/0427

Determined on: 22/10/2021

**Town and Country Planning Act 1990
Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015
(as Amended)**

FULL PERMISSION FOR DEVELOPMENT

This permission does not carry any approval or consent which may be required under any enactment, bylaw, order or regulation (e.g. in relation to Building Regulations or the Diversion of Footpaths etc) other than Section 57 of the Town and Country Planning Act, 1990.

Location of Development:

Hayes Gate Farm Star Bank Oakamoor Staffordshire ST10 3BN

Description of Development:

Variation of conditions 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 of planning approval reference number
SMD/2019/0187.

In pursuance of their power under the above mentioned Act, Staffordshire Moorlands District Council Planning Authority, **HEREBY GRANTS PLANNING PERMISSION** for the development described above subject to the following condition(s):

1. The development hereby approved shall be carried out in accordance with the following submitted plans and subject to the following conditions and/or modifications:-

1565 - 001 Rev A;
1565 - 002;
1565 - 003 Rev C;
1565 - 004 Rev C;
1565 - 005 Rev I;
1565 - 006.

Reason:- For the avoidance of doubt and in the interests of proper planning and in accordance

with the National Planning Policy Framework.

2. Notwithstanding the boundary details shown on the above approved plans and prior to their installation, details of all walls, fences and other means of enclosure as well as any hard landscaping shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The works shall then be carried out in accordance with the approved details within 12 months of the first occupation of the development.

Reason: In the interest of visual amenity.

3. Details of the of hard and soft landscaping schemes shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to implementation. The landscaping shall be fully implemented before the end of the first available dormant season (November to February inclusive) following first occupation of the development hereby approved. The trees and shrubs planted in accordance with this landscaping scheme shall be properly maintained for a period of 5 years following planting. Any plants which within this period are damaged, become diseased, die, are removed or otherwise fail to establish shall be replaced during the next suitable season. The works shall then be carried out in accordance with the approved details.

Reason: In the interest of visual amenity.

4. In the event that contamination is found at any time when carrying out the approved development, it must be reported in writing immediately to the Local Planning Authority. If after consultation with the Local Planning Authority the contamination is considered to pose a possible risk, to human health, buildings and other property and the natural and historical environment (receptors), development shall not commence further until a site investigation and risk assessment has been completed in accordance with a scheme to be agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority. If the contamination investigation and risk assessment indicates that potential risks exists to receptors, development shall not continue until a detailed remediation scheme to bring the site to a condition suitable for the intended use by removing unacceptable risks to the receptors has been prepared, submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The approved remediation shall be carried out prior to the first occupation of the development.

Reason:- In the interests of controlling potential contamination risks.

5. All soils that are intended to be used for the proposed garden/soft landscaping areas shall be tested for contamination and assessed for their suitability for the proposed use prior to being brought on to site. A suitable methodology for testing the soil shall be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority and shall include the sampling frequency, testing schedules, and criteria against which the analytical results will be assessed. The results of the soil tests shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. If soil results indicate that potential risks exist, development shall not continue until a detailed remediation strategy to bring the site to a condition suitable for the intended use has been

prepared, submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The approved remediation shall be completed prior to the completion of the proposed garden/soft landscaping areas.

Reason:- In the interests of controlling potential contamination risks.

6. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015 (or as may subsequently be amended or re-enacted) no extensions, alterations or buildings within the site curtilage normally permitted by Classes A to E of Part 1 Schedule 2 to that Order shall be carried out unless a further planning permission has first been granted on application to the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: To protect the character and appearance of the building

7. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015 (or as may subsequently be amended or re-enacted) no gates, walls, fences or other means of enclosure normally permitted by Class A of Part 2 Schedule 2 to that Order shall be erected unless a further planning permission has first been granted on application to the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: To protect the character and appearance of the countryside.

Informative

1. During the course of considering the application the Council has negotiated the details of the amended conditions with the applicant/agent. The council has therefore complied with the provisions of paragraph 38 of the National Planning Policy Framework where Local Planning Authorities are encouraged to work proactively with applicants to secure sustainable development proposals.

X *B.S. Haywood*

Signed by: Ben Haywood

On behalf of Staffordshire Moorlands District Council

NOTES

1. Approval under the Building Regulations may also be required. Advice in this respect can be obtained by contacting the Councils Building Control Section at BControl@staffsmoorlands.gov.uk
1. Where a vehicle is often driven across a grass verge or kerbed footway to and from premises adjoining a highway, the occupier of the premises may, be required to pay the cost of construction of a crossing, and/or may be required to comply with conditions, imposed by the Authority. You should contact the Highway Authority at Staffordshire County Council.
2. This consent is granted subject to conditions and it is the owner(s) and the person(s) responsible for the implementation of the development who will be fully responsible for their compliance throughout the development and beyond. An application will need to be made to discharge conditions and a fee is payable with the application. For more details please refer to our web site: www.staffsmoorlands.gov.uk If there is a condition that requires work to be carried out or details to be approved prior to the commencement of the development this is called a "condition precedent". The following should be noted with regards to conditions precedent:
 - (a) If a condition precedent is not complied with, the whole of the development will be unauthorised and you may be liable to enforcement action.
 - (b) Where a condition precedent is breached and the development is unauthorised, the only way to rectify the development is the submission of a new application.
3. Other conditions on this permission must also be complied with. Failure to comply with any condition may render the owner(s) and the person(s) responsible for the implementation of the development liable to enforcement action.
4. The permission is granted in strict accordance with the approved plans. It should be noted however that:
 - (a) Any variation from the approved plans following commencement of the development irrespective of the degree of variation will constitute unauthorised development and may be liable to enforcement action.
 - (b) Variation to the approved plans will require the submission of a new planning application.
5. If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
6. If the decision to refuse planning permission is for a householder application, and you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks

of the date of this notice.

7. If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a minor commercial application, and you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.
8. If this is a decision to refuse express consent for the display of an advertisement, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 8 weeks of the date of receipt of this notice.
9. If you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision for any other type of development, including listed building consents then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice. Appeals must be made using a form which you can get from the Secretary of State at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN (Tel: 0303 444 5000) or online at <https://acp.planninginspectorate.gov.uk>
10. The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.
11. If either the local planning authority or the Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted. In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council (District Council, London Borough Council or Common Council of the City of London) in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.