Date: 01 May 2018
Our ref: 244519
Your ref: **SMD/2018/0202**

Staffordshire Moorlands District Council

For the attention of Chris Johnston

BY EMAIL ONLY

Customer Services
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Dear Chris

Planning consultation: Construction of a new single storey visitors centre within Park Hall Park on the footprint of the previous building
Location: Visitor Centre Hulme Road, Hulme

Thank you for your consultation on the above dated 17 April 2018 which was received by Natural England on 17 April 2018

Natural England is a non-departmental public body. Our statutory purpose is to ensure that the natural environment is conserved, enhanced, and managed for the benefit of present and future generations, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

SUMMARY OF NATURAL ENGLAND'S ADVICE

NO OBJECTION – with an informative
The proposed new visitor centre building is located within the **Hulme Quarry National Nature Reserve** and Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI). Based on the plans submitted, Natural England considers that the proposed development will not have significant adverse impacts on designated sites and has no objection. We welcome the proposal and propose an informative to accompany any planning approval below.

Natural England's advice on other natural environment issues is set out below.

Hulme Quarry Site of Special Scientific Interest

Based on the plans submitted, Natural England considers that the proposed development will not damage or destroy the geological interest features for which the site has been notified and has no objection.

Informative – If approved, the Council may wish to propose a 'Construction and Environmental Management Plan' in order to help the appointed contractors understand key do's and don'ts during the new visitor centre's construction.

Further general advice on the consideration of protected species and other natural environment issues is provided at Annex A.

Should the proposal change, please consult us again.

If you have any queries relating to the advice in this letter please contact me on 020 802 60939

Yours sincerely

Antony Muller
Lead Adviser – Planning for a Better Environment Team – West Midlands

Annex A – Additional advice

Protected Species

Natural England has produced standing advice[1] to help planning authorities understand the impact of particular developments on protected species. We advise you to refer to this advice. Natural England will only provide bespoke advice on protected species where they form part of a SSSI or in exceptional circumstances.

Biodiversity duty

Your authority has a duty to have regard to conserving biodiversity as part of your decision making. Conserving biodiversity can also include restoration or enhancement to a population or habitat. Further information is available here.

Environmental enhancement

Development provides opportunities to secure a net gain for nature and local communities, as outlined in paragraphs 9, 109 and 152 of the NPPF. We advise you to follow the mitigation hierarchy as set out in paragraph 118 of the NPPF and firstly consider what existing environmental features on and around the site can be retained or enhanced or what new features could be incorporated into the development proposal. Where onsite measures are not possible, you may wish to consider off site measures, including sites for biodiversity offsetting. Opportunities for enhancement might include:

- Providing a new footpath through the new development to link into existing rights of way.
- Restoring a neglected hedgerow.
- Creating a new pond as an attractive feature on the site.
- Planting trees characteristic to the local area to make a positive contribution to the local landscape.
- Using native plants in landscaping schemes for better nectar and seed sources for bees and birds.
- Incorporating swift boxes or bat boxes into the design of new buildings.
- Designing lighting to encourage wildlife.
- Adding a green roof to new buildings.

You could also consider how the proposed development can contribute to the wider environment and help implement elements of any Landscape, Green Infrastructure or Biodiversity Strategy in place in your area. For example:

- Links to existing greenspace and/or opportunities to enhance and improve access.
- Identifying opportunities for new greenspace and managing existing (and new) public spaces to be more wildlife friendly (e.g. by sowing wild flower strips)
- Planting additional street trees.
- Identifying any improvements to the existing public right of way network or using the opportunity of new development to extend the network to create missing links.
- Restoring neglected environmental features (e.g. coppicing a prominent hedge that is in poor condition or clearing away an eyesore).

Local sites and priority habitats and species

You should consider the impacts of the proposed development on any local wildlife or geodiversity sites, in line with paragraph 113 of the NPPF and any relevant development plan policy. There may also be opportunities to enhance local sites and improve their connectivity. Natural England does not hold locally specific information on local sites and recommends further information is obtained from appropriate bodies such as the local records centre, wildlife trust, geoconservation groups or recording societies.

Priority habitats and Species are of particular importance for nature conservation and included in the England Biodiversity List published under section 41 of the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006. Most priority habitats will be mapped either as Sites of Special Scientific Interest, on the

[1] https://www.gov.uk/protected-species-and-sites-how-to-review-planning-proposals

Magic website or as Local Wildlife Sites. List of priority habitats and species can be found here[2]. Natural England does not routinely hold species data, such data should be collected when impacts on priority habitats or species are considered likely. Consideration should also be given to the potential environmental value of brownfield sites, often found in urban areas and former industrial land, further information including links to the open mosaic habitats inventory can be found here.

[2] http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20140711133551/http:/www.naturalengland.org.uk/ourwork/conservation/biodiversity/protectandmanage/habsandspeciesimportance.aspx