STAFFORDSHIRE
moorlands
DISTRICT COUNCIL
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Simon W. Baker B.Ed MBA MIMSPA
Chief Executive

Mr Philip Kelsall
Philip Kelsall Associates
Manorial House 5 Woodcock Lane
Stoke on Trent
Staffordshire
ST7 3NG

Mr Ball
The Croft Dilhorne Road
Stoke on Trent
ST10 2PH

Application no: SMD/2016/0424

Determined on: 10th May 2017

Town and Country Planning Act 1990
Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as Amended)

FULL PERMISSION FOR DEVELOPMENT

This permission does not carry any approval or consent which may be required under any enactment, bylaw, order or regulation (e.g. in relation to Building Regulations or the Diversion of Footpaths etc) other than Section 57 of the Town and Country Planning Act, 1990.

Location of Development:
Charlie Bassetts NEW ROAD DILHORNE STAFFORDSHIRE ST10 2PQ

Description of Development:
Proposed single storey extensions and alterations to provide new dining, kitchen & welfare facilities (resubmission of SMD/2015/0745)

In pursuance of their power under the above mentioned Act, Staffordshire Moorlands District Council Planning Authority, **HEREBY GRANTS PLANNING PERMISSION** for the development described above subject to the following condition(s):

1. The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.
Reason:- To comply with the provisions of Section 51 of the Town and Country Planning, Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act, 2004.

2. The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in strict accordance with the submitted plans numbered WL/KB/01 Location & Site Plans, WL/KB/02 Block Plans and WL/KB/04A.
Reason:- For clarity and the avoidance of doubt.

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3. No development shall be commenced until details of the following details have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority:
• External facing materials, including hard surfacing;
• Windows and doors;
• Eaves / verge details, and,
• Boundary / retaining wall details
Development shall thereafter be undertaken in accordance with the approved details and prior to the development being first brought into use.
Reason:- In the interests of the character and appearance of the development.

4. In the event that contamination is found at any time when carrying out the approved development it must be reported in writing immediately to the Local Planning Authority. Development should not commence further until an initial investigation and risk assessment has been completed in accordance with a scheme to be agreed by the Local Planning Authority to assess the nature and extent of any contamination on the site. If the initial site risk assessment indicates that potential risks exists to any identified receptors, development shall not commence until a detailed remediation scheme to bring the site to a condition suitable for the intended use by removing unacceptable risks to human health, buildings and other property and the natural and historical environment has been prepared, and is subject to the approval in writing of the Local Planning Authority.
Reason:- To ensure that risks from land contamination to the future users of the land and neighbouring land are minimised, together with those to controlled waters, property and ecological systems, and to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks to workers, neighbours and other offsite receptors.

5. The development hereby permitted should not commence until drainage plans for the disposal of foul and surface water flows have been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority. The scheme shall be implemented in accordance with the approved details before the development is first brought into use.
Reason:- To ensure that the development is provided with a satisfactory means of drainage as well as to reduce the risk of creating or exacerbating a flooding problem and to minimise the risk of pollution.

6. Prior to the development hereby approved commencing further details should be undertaken to establish the exact situation regarding coal mining legacy issues on the site in accordance with the recommendations of the Desk Based Coal Mining Risk Assessment Report undertaken by LK Consulting Ltd (24th December 2015). The submitted details should include:-
*The submission of a scheme of intrusive site investigations for approval;
* The undertaking of that scheme of intrusive site investigations;
* The submission of a report of findings arising from the intrusive site investigations;
* The submission of a scheme of remedial works for approval; and
* Implementation of those remedial works.
The approved development shall then be carried out in accordance with the approved details.
Reason:- in order to establish the exact situation regarding ground conditions and to enable appropriate remedial measures to be identified, if necessary.

7. Prior to the commencement of the development details of sound proofing measures to be used within the bar area and dining room shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The design and construction criteria for development of the relevant buildings/premises shall have regard BS 8233:2014 (British Standard 8233:2014 Guidance on sound insulation and noise reduction for buildings). The design criteria shall achieve sufficient noise reduction to ensure that the noise from the activities generated inside the fabric of the relevant buildings/premises shall not increase the background noise levels during day time expressed as LA90 [1hour] (day time 07:00-23:00 hours) and/or (b) LA90 [15 mins] during night time (night time 23:00-07:00 hours) at any adjoining noise sensitive locations or premises in separate occupation. Noise measurements for the purpose of this condition shall be pursuant to BS 4142:2014. The details shall then be undertaken and retained throughout the lifetime of the development.
Reason: To protect the residential amenity of neighbouring properties.

8. No means for the amplification of voice or music whatsoever shall be installed for use outside of the building or for onward external transmission. Any broadcast or background music played inside the building shall at all times be set at a level that will ensure that it is inaudible inside any noise sensitive premises which are occupied in the vicinity of the premises to which the application refers.
Reason:- To protect the residential amenity of the neighbouring properties.

9. Unless prior permission has been obtained in writing from the Local Planning Authority, all noisy activities shall be restricted to the following times of operations.
• 08:00 - 18:00 hours (Monday to Friday);
• 08:00 - 13:00 hours (Saturday);
• No working is permitted on Sundays or Bank Holidays.
In this instance a noisy activity is defined as any activity (for instance, but not restricted to, building construction/demolition operations, refurbishing and landscaping) which generates noise that is audible at the site boundary.
Reason: To protect the adjoining local amenities from noise.

10. Any artificial lighting (including floodlighting) incorporated in connection to this application shall not increase the pre-existing illuminance at the adjoining light sensitive locations when the light is in operation.
Reason: To protect the local amenities of the local from the excess of illuminance.

11. Suitable ventilation and filtration equipment shall be installed to suppress and disperse fumes and/or smell created from cooking activities on the premises. (The equipment shall be effectively operated and maintained in accordance with manufacturer's instructions for as long as the prepared use continues). Details of the equipment shall be submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority in writing prior to commencement of this development. Equipment shall be installed and in full working order prior to the commencement of use.
Reason:- To ensure that unsatisfactory cooking odours outside the premises are minimised, in the interest of the amenity of occupiers of nearby properties.

12. The machinery, plant or equipment including air conditioning and ventilation systems ("machinery") installed or operated in connection with the carrying out of this permission shall be so enclosed and/or attenuated that the noise generated by the operation of the machinery shall not increase the background noise levels during day time expressed as LA90 [1hour] (day time 07:00-23:00 hours) and/or (b) LA90 [15 mins] during night time (night time 23:00-07:00 hours) at any adjoining noise sensitive locations or premises in separate occupation above that prevailing when the machinery is not operating. Noise measurements for the purpose of this condition shall be pursuant to BS 4142:2014.
Reason:-To safeguard the amenity of local residents and that of the surrounding area from noise disturbance.

Informatives

1. The application proposes a sustainable form of development which is in accordance with adopted development plan policies and guidance contained in the National Planning Policy Framework.

2. We advise that there may be a public sewer located within the application site and encourage then applicant to investigate this. Please note that public sewers have statutory protection and may not be built close to, directly over or be diverted without consent. If there are sewers which will come into close proximity of the works, the applicant is advised to contact Severn Trent Water to discuss the proposals and we will seek to assist with obtaining a solution which protects both the public sewer and the building.

3. Please note, when submitting a Building Regulations application, the building control officer is required to check the sewer maps supplied by Severn Trent and advise them of any proposals located over or within 3 meters of a public sewer. In many cases under the provisions of Building Regulations 2000 Part H4, Severn Trent can direct the building control officer to refuse building regulations approval.

4. Under the Coal Industry Act 1994 any intrusive activities, including initial site investigation boreholes, and/or any subsequent treatment of coal mine workings/coal mine entries for ground stability purposes require the prior written permission of The Coal Authority, since such activities can have serious public health and safety implications. Failure to obtain permission will result in trespass, with the potential for court action. In the event that you are proposing to undertake such work in the Forest of Dean local authority area our permission may not be required; it is recommended that you check with us prior to commencing any works. Application forms for Coal Authority permission and further guidance can be obtained from The Coal Authority's website at:
https://www.gov.uk/get-a-permit-to-deal-with-a-coal-mine-on-your-property

5. Please be aware that the responsibility for safe development and secure occupancy of the site rests with the developer.

- Guidance for control of dust and emissions for construction can be found: in
  - The control of dust and emissions from construction and demolition Best Practice

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Guidance, produced by the greater London councils http://www.london.gov.uk/sites/default/files/BPGcontrolofdustandemissions.pdf

- Building Research Establishment Guidance Document 'Control of Dust from Construction and Demolition Activities' (BR456)

- Advice on controlling flies and light can be found in: Statutory Nuisance from Insects and Artificial Light (defra 2005) available as a free download http://archive.defra.gov.uk/environment/quality/local/legislation/cnea/documents/statnuisance.pdf

- Any approved noise scheme and measurements should pay due regard to British Standard BS8233: Sound insulation and noise reduction for buildings (Code of Practice), BS4142:2014 Methods for rating and assessing industrial or commercial sound and/or the Building Regulations 2010 Document E or other appropriate guidance.

- During any demolition and construction activities (including landscaping) the contractor shall take all reasonable steps to prevent dust formation and prevent any dust formed from leaving the site boundary.

  Building Research Establishment Guidance Document 'Control of Dust from Construction and Demolition Activities' (BR456)

- In accordance the Site Waste Management Plans Regulations 2008 any construction project with an estimated cost greater than £300,000 must, before work begins, prepare a Site Waste Management Plan in accordance with the requirement of these regulations.

- If required, contamination risk assessments shall be carried out in accordance with UK policy and with the procedural guidance relating to the contaminated land regime, and should be in accordance with Planning Policy Statement 23 and the CLR Report Series 1-12.

  - Submission of reports should also be made to the Environment Agency for comment with regard to their remit to protect ground and surface waters from pollution and their obligations relating to contaminated land.

  - The Local Planning Authority will determine the acceptability of reports on the basis of the information made available to it. Please be aware that should a risk of harm from contamination remain post development, where the applicant had prior knowledge of the contamination, the applicant is likely to be liable under Part II (a) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 and as such become and "appropriate person". In this event the applicant will be lawfully responsible to remove the risk posed by the contamination.

  - Equally if during any site works a pathway for any contaminant on site is created and humans, waters, property or ecological systems are exposed to this, the applicant or those acting on behalf of the applicant will be liable under part II (a) of the Environmental

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Protection Act 1990 if the risks are not adequately addressed during the site redevelopment.

- During investigation and remediation works the applicant and those acting on behalf of the applicant must ensure that site workers, public property and the environment are protected against noise, dust, odour and fumes

- The applicant is advised that should there be a requirement as part of the Remediation Strategy to treat, reuse or remove contaminated material on the site, the Environment Agency must be consulted, as these activities may need to be licensed or permitted. Contaminated materials identified for removal off site must be disposed of in an appropriately licensed landfill site.

- Staffordshire Moorlands District Council is keen to liaise with all stakeholders involved in this application. As such, we recommend that a proposed scope of works is forwarded to the Environmental Protection Department and agreed in principle prior to site investigation works being undertaken. The Environmental Protection Department is also prepared to review draft copies of reports prior to final submission to the Planning Department in order to ensure that works undertaken are sufficient to discharge the contaminated land conditions.

X JColley

Signed by: Jane Colley

On behalf of Staffordshire Moorlands District Council

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NOTES

1. Approval under the Building Regulations may also be required. Advice in this respect can be obtained by contacting the Councils Building Control Section at buildingcontrol@staffsmoorlands.gov.uk

2. Where a vehicle is often driven across a grass verge or kerbed footway to and from premises adjoining a highway, the occupier of the premises may, be required to pay the cost of construction of a crossing, and/or may be required to comply with conditions, imposed by the Authority. You should contact the Highway Authority at Staffordshire County Council.

3. This consent is granted subject to conditions and it is the owner(s) and the person(s) responsible for the implementation of the development who will be fully responsible for their compliance throughout the development and beyond. An application will need to be made to discharge conditions and a fee is payable with the application. For more details please refer to our web site: www.staffsmoorlands.gov.uk If there is a condition that requires work to be carried out or details to be approved prior to the commencement of the development this is called a "condition precedent". The following should be noted with regards to conditions precedent:
   (a) If a condition precedent is not complied with, the whole of the development will be unauthorised and you may be liable to enforcement action.
   (b) Where a condition precedent is breached and the development is unauthorised, the only way to rectify the development is the submission of a new application.

4. Other conditions on this permission must also be complied with. Failure to comply with any condition may render the owner(s) and the person(s) responsible for the implementation of the development liable to enforcement action.

5. The permission is granted in strict accordance with the approved plans. It should be noted however that:
   (a) Any variation from the approved plans following commencement of the development irrespective of the degree of variation will constitute unauthorised development and may be liable to enforcement action.
   (b) Variation to the approved plans will require the submission of a new planning application.

6. If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

7. If the decision to refuse planning permission is for a householder application, and you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.

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8. If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a minor commercial application, and you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.

9. If this is a decision to refuse express consent for the display of an advertisement, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 8 weeks of the date of receipt of this notice.

10. If you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision for any other type of development, including listed building consents then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice Appeals must be made using a form which you can get from the Secretary of State at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN (Tel: 0303 444 5000) or online at https://acp.planninginspectorate.gov.uk

11. The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.

12. If either the local planning authority or the Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted. In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council (District Council, London Borough Council or Common Council of the City of London) in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
13.