job no. 0860 AEWG

Admin Entrance Wall & Gates | Alton Towers Resort | Farley Lane | ALTON **Masonry Re-pointing Specification**

C41 **RE-POINTING NATURAL SANDSTONE WALLS**

GENERAL/PREPARATION

110 SCOPE OF WORK

Re-pointing/bedding mortar to copings to lowered sandstone boundary wall to highway to Grade II Listed C19 boundary wal

130A **REMOVAL OF PLANT GROWTHS FROM MASONRY (if required):**

- Carefully remove plants, root systems and associated soil/debris from joints, voids and
- Use dampened temporary timber wedges or other approved method to assist removal of roots. Where growths cannot be removed completely without disturbing masonry treat with herbicide to manufacturer's instructions: ROUNDUP PRO-VANTAGE Glyphosate-based herbicide (Monsanto UK Limited., Cambridge, CB2 9LQ tel. 01223 849200). Spray treat all organic growth and vegetation to external brickwork including saplings etc. and all exposed brickwork faces using RPRO-ADVANTAGE herbicide product in accordance with manufacturers instructions **BUT DO NOT** remove any of the growth for a minimum of 10 days. Only after 10 days have passed carefully remove all vegetation including roots. Following the raking out of mortar joints and BEFORE the commencement of re-pointing/rendering, apply a further spray/flood treatment of all OUNDUP brickwork and joints using ROUNDUP PRO-VANTAGE to manufacturers instructions.

WORKMANSHIP GENERALLY

150 POWER TOOLS FOR REMOVAL OF MORTAR are NOT PERMITTED

155 PUTLOG OR ANY MECHANICALLY-FIXED SCAFFOLDING will NOT be permitted

160A PROTECTION OF MASONRY

Masonry: Prevent damage, particularly to arises, projecting features and delicate, friable surfaces. Prevent mortar/grout splashes and other staining and marking on facework. Protect using suitable non-staining slats, boards, tarpaulins, etc. Remove protection on completion of the work.

165 STRUCTURAL STABILITY

General: Maintain stability of masonry. Report defects, including signs of movement, that are exposed or become apparent during the removal of masonry units.

170 DISTURBANCE TO RETAINED MASONRY

- Retained masonry in the vicinity of repair works: Disturb as little as possible.
- Existing retained masonry: Do not cut or adjust to accommodate new or reused units.
- Retained loose masonry units and those vulnerable to movement during repair works: Prop or wedge so as to be firmly and correctly positioned.

180A WORKMANSHIP

Skill and experience of site operatives: Appropriate for types of work on which they are employed.

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ADVERSE WEATHER & PROTECTION OF MORTARS: 185A

- Do not use frozen materials and do not lay masonry units on frozen surfaces.
- Do not bed masonry units or re-point in natural hydraulic lime:sand mortars when the air temperature is at or below 5°C and falling or below 3°C and rising. Where it is anticipated that the temperature in the first few days might fall to 5°C, or lower, the structure should be protected with dry (not damp/wet) dark-coloured felt carpet underlay or old wool blankets (furniture removal company-type) to preserve the moisture and with sufficient cover, to protect the structure itself and the mortar against frost, whilst allowing air movement over the mortar. FROST RESISTANT ADDITIVES WILL NOT BE TOLERATED AS THEY CONTAIN SALTS WHICH WILL AFFECT THE MORTAR.
- Maintain temperature of the work above freezing until mortar has fully set.
- Protect masonry against rain and snow by covering when precipitation occurs and at all times when work is not proceeding.
- Prevent masonry from drying out too rapidly in hot conditions and in drying winds by covering with damp (not wet) dark-coloured felt carpet underlay or old wool blankets (furniture removal company-type) as soon as possible to maintain moisture and then with additional cover to prevent it from drying out. For best results the moist conditions should be maintained using a at least the first seven days so that the mortar does not dry out, whilst allowing air movement over the mortar, and then for up to three weeks.
- Rake out and replace mortar damaged by frost and where instructed, redo the work.

190 CONTROL/REFERENCE SAMPLES

Obtain approval of the following before proceeding with the remainder:

- General: Complete an area of each of the following types of work, and arrange for inspection by the architect/local authority conservation officer before proceeding with the remainder:
 - Mortar raking-out and re-pointing (C41/810, 820 & 840) to sandstone walling provide up to 2no. 0.5sg.m sample/reference panels
 - Protect from adverse weather and damage.

MATERIALS/ PRODUCTION/ ACCESSORIES

215 SAND SAMPLES

Approval: Before placing order, submit for approval representative samples of: sand to be good quality, washed, well graded coarse or fine sharp sand to suit application/joint width as Z21/320A. ie. 'Croxden M2 Concreting Sand' from Tarmac's Croxden Quarry, Cheadle tel. 01538 722393

POINTING/ REPOINTING

810A PREPARATION FOR REPOINTING:

- Work from the top of the wall downwards.
- Remove all loose and cracked mortar, and all Portland cement mortar carefully and without damaging adjacent masonry, arrises or widening joints using HAND TOOLS **ONLY** - strictly no disc grinders, or the like. Specialist mechanical tools only permitted in exceptional circumstances and strictly by prior agreement with the architect. Form a neat recess of depth not less than 30mm or twice the thickness of the joint. When mortar beyond this depth is loose and friable and/or cavities are found seek instructions. However, allow for raking-out joint depths up to 75mm deep when pricing
- Remove dust and loose debris by brush then vacuum-out joints.
- Dampen joints to control suction as necessary.

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820A **RE-POINTING SANDSTONE WALLING**

- Preparation of joints: as clause 810A
 - Mortar: pre-bagged natural hydraulic lime (NHL 3.5): sand
 - Mix: 1:2.5 (by volume), NHL 2.0 : 'Croxden M2 Concreting Sand' from Tarmac's Croxden Quarry, Cheadle tel. 01538 722393. Mortar pointing sample (materials & technique), to be agreed/advised with the architect before commencing work
 - Joints: Finish mortar joints flush, approx. 1mm behind face of stonework/brickwork
 - Other requirements: Build-up mortar in 10-15mm thick layers within joint depth. Mortar to be carefully pressed/'tamped' into the joint with a pointing tool/'iron' that fits into the joints so that they are fully filled, but not 'trowelled' which leaves the faces smeared. Ensure that no mortar encroaches/smears upon the face of the masonry. Use suitable temporary adhesive tape on each side of joints where necessary. Finish joints neatly as specified (with a 'recessed key' type joint NOT 'weatherstruck') generally to full face of brickwork. After initial setting and before fully dry, revisit area of pointing and compact with a stiff bristle 'churn brush', or 'dress with a shaped wooden spatula', or use a soft brush to consolidate the finish and ensure consistently (exact technique to be discussed and agreed on site) until the mortar is recessed by approx. 1mm BEHIND FACE OF ADJACENT STONES. DO NOT 'BRUSH' JOINT. DO NOT SMEAR ADJACENT MASONRY
 - Allow for raking out & pointing joint depths up to 75mm deep when pricing

870A ADVERSE WEATHER & PROTECTION OF POINTING MORTARS:

- UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES re-point in natural hydraulic lime:sand mortars when the air temperature is at or below 5°C and falling or below 3°C and rising. Where it is anticipated that the temperature in the first few days might fall to 5°C, or lower, the structure should be protected with dry (not damp/wet) dark-coloured felt carpet underlay or old wool blankets (furniture removal company-type) to preserve the moisture and with sufficient cover, to protect the structure itself and the mortar against frost, whilst allowing air movement over the mortar. FROST RESISTANT ADDITIVES WILL NOT BE TOLERATED AS THEY CONTAIN SALTS WHICH WILL AFFECT THE MORTAR.
- Maintain temperature of the work above freezing until mortar has fully set.
- Protect masonry against rain and snow by covering when precipitation occurs and at all times when work is not proceeding.
- Prevent masonry from drying out too rapidly in hot conditions and in drying winds by covering with damp (not wet) dark-coloured felt carpet underlay or old wool blankets (furniture removal company-type) as soon as possible to maintain moisture and then with additional cover to prevent it from drying out. For best results the moist conditions should be maintained using a at least the first seven days so that the mortar does not dry out, whilst allowing air movement over the mortar, and then for up to three weeks.
- Rake out and replace mortar damaged by frost and where instructed, redo the work.

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