STAFFORDSHIRE
moorlands
DISTRICT COUNCIL
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Simon W. Baker B.Ed MBA MIMSPA
Chief Executive

Mr Malcolm Sales
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ST10 1AR

Mr Prior
The Malthouse Foxt Road
Foxt
Staffordshire
ST10 2HN

Application no: SMD/2016/0729

Determined on: 17/02/2017

Town and Country Planning Act 1990
Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as Amended)

FULL PERMISSION FOR DEVELOPMENT

This permission does not carry any approval or consent which may be required under any enactment, bylaw, order or regulation (e.g. in relation to Building Regulations or the Diversion of Footpaths etc) other than Section 57 of the Town and Country Planning Act, 1990.

Location of Development:
The Malthouse Foxt Road Foxt Staffordshire ST10 2HN

Description of Development:
Erection of a 3 bedroom bungalow and new vehicular access

In pursuance of their power under the above mentioned Act, Staffordshire Moorlands District Council Planning Authority, **HEREBY GRANTS PLANNING PERMISSION** for the development described above subject to the following condition(s):

1. The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.
   Reason:- To comply with the provisions of Section 51 of the Town and Country Planning, Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act, 2004.

2. Prior tot he commencement of development samples of the facing and roofing materials to be used in the construction of the dwelling hereby approved shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The development shall proceed in accordance witth details approved.
   Reason:- In the interests of the visual amenities of the area.

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3. No development shall take place until there has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority a scheme of landscaping, which shall include:
- Indications of all existing trees and hedgerows on the land, and details of any to be retained, together with measures for their protection in the course of the development.
- Details of areas of hard and soft landscaping, together with detailed annotation of the materials to be used;
- Details of boundary treatment.
The scheme shall commence in accordance with the approved details within the first planting season following first occupation of the approved dwelling.
Reason:- In the interests of the visual appearance of the development and the amenities of the area.

4. The dwelling hereby approved shall not be occupied until the access to the site has been completed in accordance with the approved plans.
Reason:- To comply with NPPF paragraph 32; to comply with SMDC Core Strategy policy DC1; in the interests of highway safety.

5. The development hereby permitted shall not be brought into use until the parking and turning area has been provided in accordance with the approved plans. The parking and turning area shall thereafter be retained unobstructed as parking and turning area for the life of the development.
Reason:- To comply with NPPF paragraph 32; to comply with SMDC Core Strategy policy DC1; in the interests of highway safety.

6. Nothing shall be placed, constructed, planted or allowed to remain within 2.4m of the carriageway edge on the frontage of the development or on the boundary of the Fox and Goose car park that is greater than 700mm in height above the adjacent carriageway level. Anything that is greater than 700mm in height within 2.4m of the adjacent carriageway or the boundary of the Fox and Goose shall be immediately removed.
Reason:- To provided visibility for users of the dwelling parking area and for users of the adjacent pub car park across the frontage of the development.

7. Prior to commencement of development, details shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority indicating dropped kerbs with minimum upstand of 25mm. The access shall thereafter be construced in accordance with the approved details prior to the development being brought into use.
Reason:- To direct surface water from flowing onto the driveway and towards the dwelling from the carriageway.

8. The development hereby permitted shall not be brought into use until the access drive rear of the public highway has been surfaced and thereafter maintained in a bound material for a minimum distance of 5m back from the carriageway edge in accordance with the approved plans.
Reason:- To comply with NPPF paragraph 32; to comply with SMDC Core Strategy policy DC1; in the interests of highway safety.

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9. Prior to the commencement of development drainage plans for the disposal of foul and suface water flows shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The scheme shall be implemented in accordance with the approved details before the development is first brought into use.
Reason:- To ensure that the development is provided with satisactory means of drainage as well as to reduce or exacerbate a flooding problem and to minimise rsk of pullution.

10. Unless prior permission has been obtained in writing from the Local Planning Authority, all noisy activities shall be restricted to the following times of operations.
- 08:00 - 18:00 hours (Monday to Friday);
- 08:00 - 13:00 hours (Saturday)
- No working is permitted on Sundays or Bank Holidays.

In this instance a noisy activity is defined as any activity (for instance, but not restricted to, building construction/demolition operations, refurbishing and landscaping) which generates noise that is audible at the site boundary.
Reason:- In the interests of the amenity of nearby properties, in accordance with DC1 of the Staffordshire Moorlands Core Strategy.

11. In the event that contamination is found at any time when carrying out the approved development it must be reported in writing immediately to the Local Planning Authority.Development shall not commence further until an initial investigation and risk assessment has been completed in accordance with a scheme to be agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority to assess the nature and extent of any contamination on the site. If the initial site risk assessment indicates that potential risks exist to any identified receptors, development shall not recommence until a detailed remediation scheme to bring the site to a condition suitable for the intended use by removing unacceptable risks to human health, buildings and other property, and the natural and historical environment has been prepared, and is subject to the approval in writing of the local planning authority.Following completion of measures identified in the approved remediation scheme and prior to bringing the development into first use, a verification report that demonstrates the effectiveness of the remediation carried out must be produced, and is subject to the approval in writing of the Local Planning Authority.
Reason:- Having regard to the sensitive end use of the site.To ensure that the proposed development meets the requirements of the National Planning Policy Framework in that all potential risks to human health, controlled waters and wider environment are known and where necessary dealt with via remediation and or management of those risks.

12. No top soil is to be imported to the site until it has been tested for contamination and assessed for its suitability for the proposed development. A suitable methodology for testing this material shall be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to the soils being imported onto site. The methodology shall include the sampling frequency, testing schedules, criteria against which the analytical results will be assessed (as determined by the risk assessment) and source material information. The analysis shall then be carried out and validatory evidence submitted

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to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
Reason:- To ensure that the proposed development meets the requirements of the National Planning Policy Framework in that all potential risks to human health, controlled waters and wider environment are known and where necessary dealt with via remediation and or management of those risks.

13. No development, including demolition hereby permitted shall take place until a Construction and Environmental Method Statement has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The Construction Method statement shall include the following details:-
I. A scheme to minimise dust emissions arising from demolition/construction activities on the site. The scheme shall include details of all dust suppression measures and the methods to monitor emissions of dust arising from the development.
II. Details of wheel washing facilities. All demolition/construction vehicles shall have theirwheels cleaned before leaving the site;
III. a scheme for recycling/disposal of waste resulting from the demolition/construction works;
Once approved, all development on the site shall be carried out in accordance with the approved Construction and Environmental Method Statement throughout the course of the development. Any alteration to this Method Statement shall be approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to commencement of the alteration.
Reason:- To protect the amenities of the area from dust

14. Any waste material associated with the demolition or construction shall not be burnt on site but shall be kept securely for removal to prevent escape into the environment.
Reason:- To protect the amenities of the area.

15. The development hereby approved shall be carried out in accordance with drawings numbered 1609/05/04, 1609/05/01D and 1605/09/02E received by the Local Planning Authority 15th February 2017.
Reason:- For the avoidance of doubt.

Informative

1. This is considered to constitute a sustainable form of development that accords with the objectives of the National Planning Policy Framework.

2. Please be aware that the responsibility for safe development and secure occupancy of the site rests with the developer.
• A Demolition or refurbishment asbestos survey and risk assessment should be carried out prior to the demolition of the existing buildings. The enforcing authority for this type of work is the Health and Safety Executive (HSE) and it is recommended that you contact them directly to discuss their requirements: http://www.hse.gov.uk/• . Any approved noise scheme and measurements should pay due regard to British Standard BS8233: 2014 Sound insulation and noise reduction for buildings (Guidance Document), BS4142 Methods for rating and assessing industrial and commercial sound

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and the Building Regulations 2010 Document E or other appropriate guidance.
• Advice on controlling flies and light can be found in: Statutory Nuisance from Insects and Artificial Light (defra 2005) available as a free download http://archive.defra.gov.uk/environment/quality/local/legislation/cnea/documents/statnuisance.pdf
• During any demolition and construction activities (including landscaping) the contractor shall take all reasonable steps to prevent dust formation and prevent any dust formed from leaving the site boundary.
• The control of dust and emissions from construction and demolition Best Practice Guidance, produced by the greater London councils http://www.london.gov.uk/sites/default/files/BPGcontrolofdustandemissions.pdf
• Building Research Establishment Guidance Document 'Control of Dust from Construction and Demolition Activities' (BR456)
• In accordance the Site Waste Management Plans Regulations 2008 any construction project with an estimated cost greater than £300,000 must, before work begins, prepare a Site Waste Management Plan in accordance with the requirement of these regulations.
• If required, contamination risk assessments shall be carried out in accordance with UK policy and with the procedural guidance relating to the contaminated land regime, and
should be in accordance with Planning Policy Statement 23 and the CLR Report Series 1-12.
• Submission of reports should also be made to the Environment Agency for comment with regard to their remit to protect ground and surface waters from pollution and their obligations relating to contaminated land.
• The Local Planning Authority will determine the acceptability of reports on the basis of the information made available to it. Please be aware that should a risk of harm from contamination
remain post development, where the applicant had prior knowledge of the contamination, the applicant is likely to be liable under Part II (a) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 and as such become and "appropriate person". In this event the applicant will be lawfully responsible to remove the risk posed by the contamination.
• Equally if during any site works a pathway for any contaminant on site is created and humans, waters, property or ecological systems are exposed to this, the applicant or those acting on behalf of the applicant will be liable under part II (a) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 if the risks are not adequately addressed during the site redevelopment.
• During investigation and remediation works the applicant and those acting on behalf of the applicant must ensure that site workers, public property and the environment are protected
against noise, dust, odour and fumes
• The applicant is advised that should there be a requirement as part of the Remediation Strategy to treat, reuse or remove contaminated material on the site, the Environment Agency must be consulted, as these activities may need to be licensed or permitted. Contaminated materials identified for removal off site must be disposed of in an appropriately licensed landfill site.
• Staffordshire Moorlands District Council is keen to liaise with all stakeholders involved

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in this application. As such, we recommend that a proposed scope of works is forwarded to the Environmental Protection Department and agreed in principle prior to site investigation works being undertaken. The Environmental Protection Department is also prepared to review draft copies of reports prior to final submission to the Planning Department in order to ensure that works undertaken are sufficient to discharge the contaminated land conditions.

3. The access crossing to the site from the highway shall be constructed in accordance with the submitted drawing, drawings to be submitted and SCC requirements. Please note that prior to the access being constructed you require Section 184 Notice of Approval from Staffordshire County Council. The link below provides a further link to 'vehicle dropped crossings' which includes a 'vehicle dropped crossing information pack' and an application form for a dropped crossing. Although the pack refers to droppped crossings, a S184 notice is required for an access leaving the carriageway and crossing highway verge. Please complete and send to the address indicated on the application form which is Staffordshire County Council at Network Management Unit, Staffordshire Place 1, Wedgwood Building, Tipping Street, STAFFORD, Staffordshire, ST16 2DH. (or email to nmu@staffordshire.gov.uk)
http://www.staffordshire.gov.uk/transport/staffshighways/licences/

X B.J. Haywood

Signed by: Haywood, Ben

On behalf of Staffordshire Moorlands District Council

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NOTES

1. Approval under the Building Regulations may also be required. Advice in this respect can be obtained by contacting the Councils Building Control Section at buildingcontrol@staffsmoorlands.gov.uk

2. Where a vehicle is often driven across a grass verge or kerbed footway to and from premises adjoining a highway, the occupier of the premises may, be required to pay the cost of construction of a crossing, and/or may be required to comply with conditions, imposed by the Authority. You should contact the Highway Authority at Staffordshire County Council.

3. This consent is granted subject to conditions and it is the owner(s) and the person(s) responsible for the implementation of the development who will be fully responsible for their compliance throughout the development and beyond. An application will need to be made to discharge conditions and a fee is payable with the application. For more details please refer to our web site: www.staffsmoorlands.gov.uk If there is a condition that requires work to be carried out or details to be approved prior to the commencement of the development this is called a "condition precedent". The following should be noted with regards to conditions precedent:
   (a) If a condition precedent is not complied with, the whole of the development will be unauthorised and you may be liable to enforcement action.
   (b) Where a condition precedent is breached and the development is unauthorised, the only way to rectify the development is the submission of a new application.

4. Other conditions on this permission must also be complied with. Failure to comply with any condition may render the owner(s) and the person(s) responsible for the implementation of the development liable to enforcement action.

5. The permission is granted in strict accordance with the approved plans. It should be noted however that:
   (a) Any variation from the approved plans following commencement of the development irrespective of the degree of variation will constitute unauthorised development and may be liable to enforcement action.
   (b) Variation to the approved plans will require the submission of a new planning application.

6. If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

7. If the decision to refuse planning permission is for a householder application, and you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.

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8. If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a minor commercial application, and you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.

9. If this is a decision to refuse express consent for the display of an advertisement, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 8 weeks of the date of receipt of this notice.

10. If you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision for any other type of development, including listed building consents then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice Appeals must be made using a form which you can get from the Secretary of State at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN (Tel: 0303 444 5000) or online at https://acp.planninginspectorate.gov.uk

11. The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.

12. If either the local planning authority or the Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted. In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council (District Council, London Borough Council or Common Council of the City of London) in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.