STAFFORDSHIRE
moorlands
DISTRICT COUNCIL
ACHIEVING • EXCELLENCE

Simon W. Baker B.Ed MBA MIMSPA
Chief Executive

Mr David W Watson
16 Paragon Close
Cheadle
Staffordshire
ST10 1JD

Mr Brassington
Little Greenhead Farm Broad Oak Lane
Kingsley Moor
Staffordshire
ST10 2EL

Application no: DET/2016/0045

Determined on: 12/09/2016

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990
PLANNING AND COMPENSATION ACT 1991
TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (GENERAL PERMITTED DEVELOPMENT ORDER) (ENGLAND) 2015

PRIOR APPROVAL REQUIRED AND DETAILS SUBMITTED APPROVED

Staffordshire Moorlands District Council hereby **APPROVE** this application for **DETERMINATION** for

Erection of agricultural building at Little Greenhead Farm Broad Oak Lane Kingsley Moor

in accordance with the submitted application, details and accompanying plans listed below for the following reasons:-

1. The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the expiration of five years from the date of this permission.
   Reason:- To comply with the provisions of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

2. The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in strict accordance with the submitted details numbered 3 (Building Elevations); 4 (Roof Plan); 5 (Site Plan) and 6 (Location Plan) subject to the following conditions and/or modifications:-
   Reason:- For clarity and the avoidance of doubt.

Simon W. Baker B.Ed MBA MIMSPA
Chief Executive

3. If the use of the buildings hereby permitted for the purposes of agriculture within the unit permanently ceases within 10 years from the date on which the development was substantially completed and planning permission has not been granted on application, or has not been deemed to be grated under Part 3 of the Act, for development for purposes other than agriculture, within 3 years from the date on which the use of the building for the purposes of agriculture within the unit permanently ceased, then, unless the Local Planning Authority have otherwise agreed in writing, the buildings must be removed from the land and the land must, so far as is practicable, be restored to its condition before the development took place, to such condition as may have been agreed in writing between the Local Planning Authority and the developer.
Reason:- Having regard to the location of the site within the North Staffordshire Green Belt and because the development has been approved on the basis of agricultural justification.

4. Before the commencement of development (including any site clearance, stripping, site establishment or creation of any new access) a landscaping scheme shall be submitted to and approved by the LPA. Such a scheme shall include full details of all new tree and shrub planting, giving specification for species, positions, planting sizes and numbers/densities of all new planting. The landscaping scheme so approved shall be fully implemented before the end of the first available dormant season (November to February inclusive) following completion of the development hereby approved. The trees and shrubs planted in accordance with this landscaping scheme shall be properly maintained for a period of 5 years following planting. Any plants which within this period are damaged, become diseased, die, are removed or otherwise fail to establish shall be replaced during the next suitable season.
Reason:- To ensure that the development is appropriately landscaped.

X B.J. Haywood

Signed by: Haywood, Ben

On behalf of Staffordshire Moorlands District Council

STAFFORDSHIRE
moorlands
DISTRICT COUNCIL
ACHIEVING • EXCELLENCE

Simon W. Baker B.Ed MBA MIMSPA
Chief Executive

NOTES

1. Approval under the Building Regulations may also be required. Advice in this respect can be obtained by contacting the Councils Building Control Section at buildingcontrol@staffsmoorlands.gov.uk

2. Where a vehicle is often driven across a grass verge or kerbed footway to and from premises adjoining a highway, the occupier of the premises may, be required to pay the cost of construction of a crossing, and/or may be required to comply with conditions, imposed by the Authority. You should contact the Highway Authority at Staffordshire County Council.

3. This consent is granted subject to conditions and it is the owner(s) and the person(s) responsible for the implementation of the development who will be fully responsible for their compliance throughout the development and beyond. An application will need to be made to discharge conditions and a fee is payable with the application. For more details please refer to our web site: www.staffsmoorlands.gov.uk If there is a condition that requires work to be carried out or details to be approved prior to the commencement of the development this is called a "condition precedent". The following should be noted with regards to conditions precedent:
   (a) If a condition precedent is not complied with, the whole of the development will be unauthorised and you may be liable to enforcement action.
   (b) Where a condition precedent is breached and the development is unauthorised, the only way to rectify the development is the submission of a new application.

4. Other conditions on this permission must also be complied with. Failure to comply with any condition may render the owner(s) and the person(s) responsible for the implementation of the development liable to enforcement action.

5. The permission is granted in strict accordance with the approved plans. It should be noted however that:
   (a) Any variation from the approved plans following commencement of the development irrespective of the degree of variation will constitute unauthorised development and may be liable to enforcement action.
   (b) Variation to the approved plans will require the submission of a new planning application.

6. If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

7. If the decision to refuse planning permission is for a householder application, and you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.

8. If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a minor commercial application, and you

want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.

9. If this is a decision to refuse express consent for the display of an advertisement, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 8 weeks of the date of receipt of this notice.

10. If you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision for any other type of development, including listed building consents then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice Appeals must be made using a form which you can get from the Secretary of State at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN (Tel: 0303 444 5000) or online at https://acp.planninginspectorate.gov.uk

11. The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.

12. If either the local planning authority or the Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted. In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council (District Council, London Borough Council or Common Council of the City of London) in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.