Project Name: 1 Clerk bank	Job Number: 1542
Description/Notes: Steel beam #2 First floor support spanning front/middle of building	Date: 29/10/2015

### **Beam Details**

Beam Span Length = 5.7m Steel Beam Selected = 203 x 133 x 30 UB S275

#### **Load Details**

**Distributed Loads:** 

UDL 1

#### Load 1: 'Timber floor (domestic dwelling)'

Variable: 1.5kN/m<sup>2</sup>, Permanent: 0.6kN/m<sup>2</sup>

Width of load perpendicular to beam, or height of load supported by beam: 2.3m

# Load 2: 'Ceiling beneath sloping roof'

Variable: 0.25kN/m<sup>2</sup>, Permanent: 0.3kN/m<sup>2</sup>

Width of load perpendicular to beam, or height of load supported by beam: 2.3m

## Safety factors, Deflection Limits & Restraints

Variable Load Safety Factor: 1.5

Permanent Load Safety Factor: 1.35

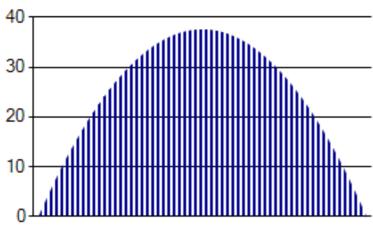
Length Between Lateral Restraints: 5.7m

Deflection Limit, Variable Load Only: Span/360

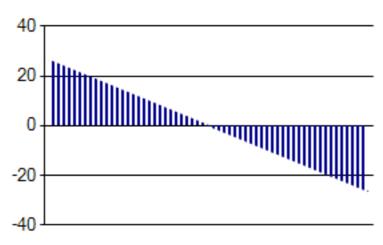
Deflection Limit, Total Variable & Permanent Load: Span/200

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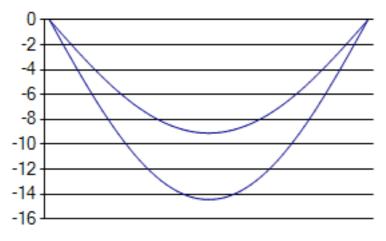
# Diagrams



Bending Moment Diagram



Shear Force Diagram



Deflection Diagram

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# Results Of Analysis

Mcy = 86.4kNm > 37.48kNm, Therefore OK

Mb = 45.51kNm > 37.48kNm, Therefore OK

Shear Capacity, Vc = 231kN x 0.5 = 115.5kN > 26.3kN, Therefore OK

Variable Load Deflection = 9.1mm < 15.83mm, Therefore OK

Total Load Deflection = 14.44mm < 28.5mm, Therefore OK

## **Notes**

Mc,y value from Tata Steel 'blue book' to BS EN 1993-1-1.

Mb value interpolated from Tata Steel 'blue book' to BS EN 1993-1-1.

C1 value conservatively taken as 1.0.

Shear Capacity, Vc from Tata Steel 'blue book' to BS EN 1993-1-1.

Reduction of moment resistance by high coincident shear force has been avoided by checking that the shear force is not more than 50% of the shear resistance.

Ends of beam are to be laterally restrained. Ends of beams can be laterally restrained using one of the following methods;

- 1) End of beam built into a masonry wall.
- 2) End of beam fixed to a masonry wall.
- 3) End of beam fixed to a column or a beam.

The designer is to ensure that the proposed detail adequately ensures that the end of the beam is laterally restrained.

No allowance has been made for destabilising loads which are outside the scope of these calculations (Destabilising loads would not normally occur in a traditional masonry structure).